INSURANCE
Non-Indian companies started in 1919 are writing four times their paid-up capital.

REGD. NO. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

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INSURANCE
The reason being that their people are solidly supporting them.
18

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XIX NO. 290— BOMBAY SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1931. PRICE ONE ANNA.

GOVERNMENT FIRES FIRST SHOT IN U. P.

"Sugar-Coating" Ordinance.

Premier To Consult Viceroy Re: Modifications?

ELEVENTH HOUR ATTEMPT TO SECURE CONGRESS CO-OPERATION IN R. T. COMMITTEES.

PREMIER TO VISIT INDIA IN EASTER.

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)
LONDON, Dec. 11.

I reliably understand from the conversations of Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Malaviya, Sjt. Sen Gupta and the Indian Liberals during the week that the British Government are contemplating modification of the Bengal Ordinance. After the rising Parliament the Premier proposes to consult the Viceroy regarding modification on the following points:

Whether an accused sentenced to death can or cannot appeal to the Privy Council.

Whether the sentences can or cannot be reviewed by the Viceroy in consultation with the Law Member.

Whether the tribunals should be composed necessarily of two Indian judges with the necessary qualifications.

Whether the Ordinance should or should not be strictly confined to the Terrorist non-Congressmen engage in British goods boycott, a desired by the Bengal European and

Whether Punitive Tax should be levied on villages for extra police and military.

WINNING BACK CONGRESS.

The Premier, Mr. Baldwin and Sir Herbert Samuel are anxious to secure Gandhiji's participation in the Conference Committees and are anxious to meet the Congress despite the opposition of Lord Hailsham. Sir Samuel Hoare. The Parliamentary Liberals and Labourites favour the insistence o modification.

"The New Statesman" declares: Bengal already in ferment, th Ordinances as they stand, will no suppress terrorism. They will be far more effective, if modified in the present shape, they offend not merely the Congress fanatics, but the moderate Libera-minded men who are equally opposed to the gun-men methods and to Black and Tan regime."

PREMIER TO VISIT INDIA.

The Premier himself is contemplating visiting India early in easter, as he is unable immediately to do so, due to the financial crisis. If domestic situation worsens, he will summon the third R. T. Conference to London; otherwise in India under his own chairmanship. (No final plan has been settled, due to the overwhelming Tory majority who are anxious to chuck him out on the least possible grounds.)

Mahatmaji Leaves For Rome.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Villeneuve.—Travelling in a third class reserved compartment, Mahatma Gandhi left for Rome at 2-37 p. m., 'en route' to Brindisi. He was seen off by a crowd of inhabitants and friends.—Reuter.

SHIVA RAO SPEAKS OUT BLUNT TRUTH.

Co-operation And Coercion Can't Go Together.

CHOICE IS FOR BRITAIN TO MAKE.

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)
LONDON, Dec. 10.

Speaking about the Round Table Conference to an enthusiastic meeting at Liverpool, Mr. Shiva Rao said that Indian Labour, anxious while anxious to safeguard its interests in the new constitution, had enough sense of realism to understand the vital necessity for immediate freedom. To the masses of India freedom meant greater education, sanitation, irrigation and relief from famine, and scarcity of food.

THE BLUNT TRUTH.

The communalists Mr. Shiva Rao declared, spoke only for a section of the educated classes who formed but a handful of the total population. The youth of India, no less than the women and the masses, favoured joint electorates. The blunt truth about the present situation, he said, was that India was deeply distrustful of the British intentions. He could not understand their talk of co-operation accompanied by ordinances of unequalled severity. Whether Britain liked it or not, millions in India were prepared to follow Mahatma Gandhi along any line he may advocate for achieving freedom.

FOR BRITAIN TO CHOSE.

"In your interests, consider which is the greater risk making peace with India and having her as a contented partner in the Commonwealth, or a hostile and retaliatory India determined to carve her destiny outside the Commonwealth," concluded Mr. Shiva Rao. "In considering this question Britain must remember her financial crisis, and the present plight of Europe with Germany on the brink of the precipice; the gathering war clouds in Manchuria, and above all the fact that from the Caspian Sea to the Pacific Ocean Britain has hardly a friend.

CONVINCE GANDHIJI.

If the disaster is to be averted, Mahatma Gandhi must be convinced before he finally decides that the time for the parting of ways has come, that the path of co-operation will bring India to her promised goal.

WHAT IF TEGART RULES INDIA OFFICE?

WE ARE PREPARED FOR FINAL FIGHT, SAYS SEN GUPTA.

(From our Staff Correspondent).
LONDON, Dec. 11.

Sjt. Sen Gupta interviewed on the appointment of Sir Charles Tegart to the India Council opined: "We are least concerned as to who rules Whitehall, Downing Street and the India Office. We are concerned with our people who rule the country in the next few months despite the present mailed fist rule. We concentrate our energy and might in the right direction under Gandhiji's leadership and are prepared for the final fight."

Bengal

SJT. VITHALBHAI PATEL.

Arriving In Bombay On 28th Dec.

(From A Correspondent).
VIENNA, Nov. 28.

Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel was operated upon for piles last week and hopes to leave the bed in about eight or ten days. He now feels fit to return to India. He will be leaving by S.S. "Pilsna" on 12th December reaching Bombay on the 28th December.

DR. BESANT IMPROVING

MADRAS, Dec. 11.

Dr. Annie Besant who has been indisposed for some time is improving and she is now much stronger. She has been going out for drives for the last three days.—A.P.

DHRANGADHRA SATYAGRAHA

Sardar States Congress Position

AHMEDABAD, December 11.

The Associated Press is authorised to state that there is no truth in the press report that two men have been deputed to secure the sanction of the Congress President, Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel, for mass civil disobedience to be offered at Dhrangadhra on the 21st instant.

Interviewed, Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel said that the Congress had nothing to do with the satyagraha going on in Dhrangadhra, nor could it give permission for any such action in an Indian State.—A.P.

SENTENCE COMMUTED ON APPEAL

LAHORE, Dec. 11.

Mr. Justice Kanwar Daleepsingh of the Lahore High Court pronounced orders in the appeal preferred by Nandlal who, for wounding with a pistol a foreign cloth dealer of Amritsar was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment and fine under Section 307 I. P. C. and Section 19 of the Arms Act.

His Lordship after hearing argument upheld the conviction but reduced the sentence to seven years.—A. P.

STOP PRESS.

NO X'MAS RECESS FOR CABINET.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Christmas recess will not be respite for the Cabinet. Whole series of Cabinet meetings have been arranged including meetings on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next week some of which will last all day. The Cabinet will appoint Committees to deal with specific subjects, so that when full Cabinet resumes sitting these subjects will be ready for actual decision by the Cabinet itself.—Reuter's Extra

LATEST ORDINANCE VICTIMS.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11.

About half a dozen Bengalis mostly college students, were arrested by the special branch this morning following simultaneous raids of about twenty houses. Of the latter, some were occupied exclusively by students. These men were taken into custody under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act. Another twenty arrests were made in the course of the day. It is understood that some of these will be prosecuted for offences in connection with recent find of arms and ammunition in north Calcutta, but it is not known what the specific charges are against others.—A. P.

CONGRESS WORKERS GAGGED.

Magistrate's Order.

CONGRESSMEN TO TAKE UP GOVT. CHALLENGE?

(From Our Correspondent).
RAE BARELI, Dec. 11.

The U. P. Government has begun offensive against the No-Rent Campaign.

The first shot was fired in Rae Bareli.

The Distt. Magistrate has promulgated orders under Section 144 on all Congressmen, including Sjt. Sitla Sahai, President of the Satyagraha Committee.

The Congress Committee has virtually been suppressed.

The order prohibits appearing in public meetings, and directly or indirectly issuing and publishing public notice or proclamation for 2 months.

The order will be disobeyed.

NO-RENT PLEDGE TAKEN

U. P. Agrarian Situation

ALLAHABAD, December 11.

According to Congress reports, over a lakh of tenants in the neighbouring villages have taken the no-rent pledge. The District authorities, it is said, did not interfere with the proceedings.

Revision of occupancy records is still continuing. The warning issued by the Collector, that concessions already given will be withdrawn if sufficient rent is not paid, appears to have had some effect. According to one report, several tenants are offering to pay up.

Mr. Purshottam Das Tandon after a tour of the other provinces has returned to Allahabad and will preside over the Oudh Kisans' Conference at Lakhimpur Kheri on December 20.—A.P.

End Of Manchurian Trouble In Sight.

SINO-JAPANESE ACCEPTANCE OF LEAGUE RESOLUTION

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Paris.—The League Council's draft resolution containing the basis of the procedure for the settlement of the Manchurian dispute was unanimously carried at the meeting of the Council and the Chinese and Japanese representatives in the afternoon.—Reuter.

MUSLIMS COPY CHRISTIANS

Jerusalem Conference Votes For Y. M. M. A.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Jerusalem.—The Moslem Conference has decided to establish a Young Men's Muslim Association similar to the Y. M. C. A., in all Muslim countries.—Reuter.

Demand For International Silver Conference

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Wahington.—The demand for an International Silver Conference was renewed by Mr. Pittman in the Senate, dealing with the slump in American exports. He declared that Britain was not interested in silver conference like the United States because Britain had thirty per cent. advantage in all foreign markets since the suspension of the gold standard.—Reuter.

Election For Gaddi Of Kalat

QUETTA, December 11.

Tribal Sirdars of Kalat at an imposing Jirga have elected Nawab Bahadur Mir Azam Jah, the younger brother of late Highness to the "gaddi" of Kalat.

It is reported that Nawab Sir Mir Shmus Shah Waziraaw has resigned.—A.P.

HOARE'S THREAT TO BENGAL.

BOYCOTT OF BRITISH GOODS.

Govt. Will Put Down Action.

LABOUR MOTION OF CENSURE THROWN OUT

LONDON, Dec. 10.

The question of Bengal detenus was raised at question time in the House of Commons including the request for information regarding the cancelation of the bail of a sick prisoner.

Sir Samuel Hoare said that it was not a matter on which he would normally be informed, but promised to ask the Government of India to furnish a report on the general physical condition of the prisoners.

Sir Samuel Hoare stated that the question of transferring a number of detenus outside Bengal was under consideration and decision had not been reached.—

BENGAL'S BOYCOTT RESOLUTION.

Mr. Hacking asked if Sir Samuel Hoare had received the Government of India's report on the Bengal Provincial Conference's British Boycott Resolution.

Sir Samuel Hoare replied that he was informed that it had not yet been endorsed by the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee. He said that if it was so endorsed or action taken on it by Congress organisations, it would be a definite breach of the Delhi Settlement.

He added that the Governments of India and Bengal were watching developments and any measures necessary to meet them would be taken.

CENSURE DEBATE.

The House of Commons, in the course of the debate on Labourite motion of censure, loudly cheered the peroration of the speech of Mr. Neville Chamberlain that "Britain remains the greatest creditor Nation in the world and when world conditions settle down, the sterling will resume its place as the principal standard of international credit."

NO FEAR OF DEFICIT.

Mr. Chamberlain denied that there was any reason for the fear of a serious deficit in the budget this year and still less next year.

There was every reason to suppose that Government would be able to meet all obligations out of the current annual revenue and simultaneously make substantial provision for debt redemption.

House defeated centure motion by 439 votes to 44.—Reuter.

SARDAR FOR BOMBAY.

AHMEDABAD, December 11.

Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel, accompanied by Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram will leave here Sunday night for Bombay after performing the opening ceremony of the Sheth Vadilal Sarabhai Hospital.

They will stay in Bombay till the 16th December.—A.P.

A. I. MUSLIM LEAGUE SESSION

Choudhry Zafarullah Khan Presides

NEW DELHI, December 11.

The next annual session of the All-India Muslim League will commence in Delhi on December 26.

Choudhry Zafarullah Khan, Advocate, Lahore and a member of the Round Table Conference, will preside.—A.P.

New Delhi.—The next meeting of the Inter-University Board will be held at Lahore commencing on March 7, 1932 and will be presided over by Dr. W. S. Urquhart, Calcutta.—A.P.

Japanese Cabinet Resigns

CONSERVATIVE OPPOSITION TO SWELL NEW GOVT.

RE-IMPOSITION OF GOLD EMBARGO

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Tokio.—The Japanese Govern-ment has resigned.—Reuter.

Tokio.—Following the final unsuccessful attempt to persuade the Home Minister, Adachi, to resign or to cease the advocacy of Coalition Government, the Prime Minister Wakatsuki, summoned an urgent Cabinet Conference, after which members of the Government tendered their resignations to the Emperor. The Cabinet crisis was apparently precipitated mainly by financial and economic causes, rather than by the diplomatic situation.

On the stock exchange, shares are rising in anticipation of the reimposition of the gold embargoby the new Cabinet which it is expected will largely be composed of members of Sei Yukai Party, the present Conservative Opposition. No change in the Japanese policy regarding China is likely.—

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Tokio.—Whatever the form of the New Cabinet, it is generally considered certain that gold ban will be imposed before the end of the year.—Reuter's Special.

The resignation of the Japanese Cabinet, synchronising as it does with the Sino-Japanese agreement at the League Council at Paris, is rather surprising. That is perhaps the reason why Reuter attributes the Cabinet crisis to economic and financial factors rather than to a political debacle. But it is very difficult to mark the dividing line between politics and economics in Japan, especially as both the factors are intermingled and have combined to bring about the present crisis.

THE BULL POINT.

The "bull point" in the crisis is the boycott of Japanese goods by China as a retaliation against Japanese aggression in Manchuria. The success of the boycott has stimulated in Lancashire the hopes of securing the Chinese market. "Japan's difficulty is Lancashire's opportunity" has of late become the slogan of industrial drive in Cottonopolis. A British industrialist wrote in mail week:—As to Britain continuance of Japanese occupation of Manchuria would pay her very well. It would mean the persistence of the anti-Japanese boycott which is already enabling us to recover a great deal of our lost ground in China market. What is more, the occupation brings the Japanese cheek my Jowl with the Russians." This is a sample of the psychology of British Big Business" in spite of the Pacific professions of their representatives in the League of Nations. Japan and China should continue to fight to fill in the coffers of John Bull. This ill-concealed glee of the British competitors must have contributed not a little to the latest Sino-Japanese understanding.

HARD HIT BY GOLD STANDARD.

Apart from the toll of boycot Japan had been hard hit in he export trade by stricking to the gold standard. This unfavourable balance of trade resulted in depletion of gold reserves. According to a cable dated November 2.

The Yokohama Specie Bank shipped gold to the United States of the value of 22,500,000 yen, making the total since October 1 244,000,000 yen.

The gold reserve of the Bank of Japan has fallen to 580,000,000 yen compared with 819,600,000 yen in November 1930.

During the last few weeks she has lost heavily from her gold assets and the Bank of Japan has been forced to give special assistance to the Yokohama Specie Bank in addition to the standing loan of 20 million yen so as to enable it to continue its exchange operations properly.

STOPPING FLIGHT OF GOLD.

The flight of gold had assumed such grave proportions that there were rumours of Japan going off the gold standard. No wonder then that the ban on gold exports will be the main plank if the future Cabinet.

Will Japan stick to the gold standard or go off it? This question comes to the forefront in view of the cabinet crisis. The factors for and against the gold standard are rather complicated. If Junnosuke Inoue, the Finance Minister who resigned with the cabinet finds a place in the new Cabinet, he will strive hard to maintain the gold standard which he only got restored in 1930 after fighting for it since 1926.

The outgoing Japanese Cabinet, consists of the following members:—

Prime Minister: Baron Wakatsuki.

Home Affairs: Kenzo Adachi.

Foreign Affairs: Baron Kijuro Shidehara.

Finance: Junnosuke Inoue.

War: General Minami.

Marine: Admiral Baron Kiyotane Yasuho.

Minister of Justice: Viscount Chiaki Watanabe.

Education: Kyuzo Tanaka.

Agriculture and Forestry: Chuji Machida.

Commerce and Industry: Sachio Sakurauchi.

Communications: Matajiro Koizumi.

Railways: Tasuka Egi

Overseas Affairs: Shujiro Hara.

Germany To Mint 20 Million Fivemark Silver Pieces.

LONDON, Dec. 10.
SPECIAL CABLE.)

Berlin.—The Reichsrat has approved of the minting of twenty million fivemark silver pieces.—Reuter.

DISMANTLING SURPLUS MACHINERY.

Scheme To Reconstruct Lancashire.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Another heroic attempt to reconstruct Lancashire trade embodied in a scheme unanimously endorsed by the Joint Committee of the Cottontrade organisations for submission to the constituent bodies aims at the dismantling surplus machinery through levies compulsorily imposed on the remainder of the industry.—Reuter's Special.

"DAILY ZAMINDAR" PROPRIETOR ARRESTED

"Collecting Funds For Release"

LAHORE, December 11.

Moulana Zafarali, proprietor of the "Daily Zemindar" was arrested this morning for non-payment of income-tax amounting to over Rs. 2,200.

A town-crier was seen this noon crying for collection of funds for releasing the Moulana. It is understood that some response has already been made.

INWARD AIRMAIL EXPECTED ON SUNDAY.

KARACHI, December 11.

This week's inward air mail is expected to arrive here on Sunday.—A.P.

NON-VIOLENCE IS OUR SHEET ANCHOR.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [

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"DIANA" Powerful Air Rifle ... .177 Bore Rs. 35-0-0
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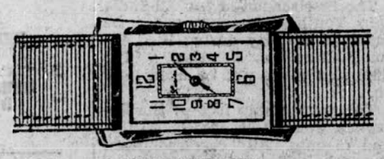
Silver .. Rs. 23. R.G. .. Rs. 25.
14 kt. Gold (Loose Loops) Rs. 35.
18 kt. Gold .. .. .. Rs. 40.

"MINIATURE BARREL"

Silver .. .. Rs. 20. Chromium .. .. Rs. 25.
Rolled Gold .. Rs. 30. 14 kt. Gold .. .. Rs. 35.
18 kt. Gold .. .. Rs. 40.



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Rolled Gold .. Rs. 25. 9 kt. Gold .. .. Rs. 28.
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—they last longer.

Fig. 1
Healthy cell, seen through microscope. Note the well developed nucleus, which is chiefly composed of Calcium [lime].

Fig. 2
Same cell after Calcium has been withdrawn. The nucleus is shrivelled up.

A Revolution in the treatment of Teeth

STEP BY STEP THE science of medicine advances. The clearer the picture of human ailments becomes, the more logical the treatment. Instead of intricate remedies, science now advocates simple additions to the diet. Today, most human ailments can be traced to some deficiency in the diet. A deficiency of *calcium* (lime) in the system, for instance, is the cause of such diverse ailments as weak sensitive teeth, rickets in children, skin troubles of many kinds, irritable nerves, irregularities in the functions of womanhood, etc.

All these ailments may now be attacked in a logical, simple way by adding Kalzana tablets to the diet. Tooth decay, for instance. When your teeth are sensitive and not hard and white, they simply show that your body does not contain enough calcium and no amount of cleaning will help you. Teeth are living parts of the body. They may be ill.

Take a few Kalzana tablets every day, then you are sure that your body gets the required Calcium in exactly the right combination. Kalzana has *proved* in thousands of cases that it will make teeth strong again by conquering the very cause of their weakness—lack of Calcium in the body. It will make *your* teeth strong and healthy, they will become white again and decay will be stopped.

Start a course of Kalzana to-day, then you can both feel and see how your health improves. Remember that Kalzana is not a drug, but an absolutely harmless lime-food.

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ABANDONING GOLD STANDARD IS NOT A PANACEA.

A Great National Self-Deception

The following letter over the signature of A. G. Bryant, F.C.I.S., appears in "Business":—

Sir,—We are practising a great national self-deception. Struggling in the middle of an over-industrialised world, we are blindly hailing the abandoned Gold Standard as the dawn of a new era of national prosperity.

Such an idol has indeed feet of clay; it is a shallow, shifting foundation for our industrial structure. Certain schools of economic thought have proclaimed from the housetops that a depreciated currency stimulates exports and hampers imports and that this double remedy needed so vitally for our depressed trade has been flung into our laps by our abandonment of the Gold Standard.

Economic laws are merely statements of tendencies and are easily disturbed by the action of mankind. That the fallen purchasing power of our currency enables the foreigner to buy more cheaply in this country than in his own is an economic truism. Yet do we, in all seriousness, anticipate that Europe and America, in the throes of the worst trade depression the world has ever known, will complacently fold their arms whilst British goods flood their markets and stifle their own industries? Such a delusion is a childish thought, reared on faith, hope and expectation, but on nothing else.

INCIDENCE OF ECONOMIC TAX.

Let us consider the British pound as we prefer to know it, accepted the world over—typifying the solidarity the strength, the very character of the British race. To-day it is tossed about on the restless sea of inter-national finance, pitched between the dollar and the franc, with a value dancing to the tune of every financial, political, and industrial crisis that may arise. Consider the psychological effect on the foreigner in relation to British financial prestige. Among the blessings and benefits that our depreciated currency confers upon us will be numbered the quixotic privilege of paying more to our foreign creditors, whilst our foreign debtors, in terms of their own currency, will need less money to pay their debts to us.

The incidence of this economic tax will rest with the nation and our industries, and despite all arguments and theories to the contrary you cannot avoid an increase in the cost of living and a rise in productive manufacturing costs.

Thus do we discover a definite offset by our essential importations against advantages accruing by the hypothetical increase in our exportations which a depreciated currency is supposed to bring about. Should industry be unable to resist the demand for the wages increased that will assuredly follow the increased living cost this advantage will disappear almost entirely.

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Now what does it all mean to the British Financial Market?

The strength of our currency, the integrity of our banking institutions, the high commercial morality of the Stock Exchange have commented the solid foundation of the great financial structure we know as the London Money Market. Can we reasonably hope that London will retain its proud position that it can conduct gigantic financial operations with sterling see-sawing from day to day?

Do we imagine that America and France have cornered two-thirds of the world's gold for the mere pleasure of bulging their vaults?

For years they have sought to usurp our position as the financial centre of the world. Will it be easier for them to achieve that ambition with their huge gold reserves and gold-backed currency in competition with our fluttering, floundering pound?

The measure of damage to this country, should our financial supremacy vanish, is impossible of estimation.

To our economic recovery there is no royal road, least of all by way of the abandoned Gold Standard. As a nation and as individuals, our only way lies through hard work and sacrifice.

There is a sinister similarity in the position of this country today and that of the Romans before their Empire fell. We should do well to heed it.

Our position is perilous and precarious, but a very long way from being hopeless. We are the masters of our fate and our destiny lies within our own hands.

KISTNA RYOTS' REPRESENTATION TO REVENUE COMMISSIONER.

Financial And Other Difficulties.

Kistna District Ryots' Association, Bezwada, have addressed a representation to the Land Revenue Commissioner, Madras, explaining the drainage disabilities in Kaikalur Taluk, their financial difficulties, and protesting against the policy of the Government to charge Re. 1 per acre of land, in addition to the usual assessment, on the land newly included in the wet ayacut.

It states that the practice of charging heavy penal rates on unauthorised cultivation is ruining many ryots. These lands are being irrigated, at the risk of a failure of crops, with whatever surplus water is available, without any harm to the existing ayacut. These rates should be abolished.

It further states that some relief should be given to the dry lands, and that large funds in the form of "taccavi loans" should be supplied in order to enable them to finance agricultural improvements and other operations which would be taken in hand after the next harvest season.

Bombay Historical Congress.

First Bombay Historical Congress (1931) will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Historical Society, from 22nd to 27th inst., when His Excellency Sir Frederick Sykes, Governor of Bombay will open it.

The fee for membership is Rs. 6. Students of Colleges will be admitted at half the rates. The opening session of the Congress will be held in the University Convocation Hall.

The Congress will be divided into Sections as follows:—

(1) History; (2) Archaeology; (3) Epigraphy; (4) Numismatics; (5) Heuristics; and (6) Folk-Lore and Tradition.

The Sections will meet each morning from 10-30 to 12-30. Papers with lantern illustrations, and moving picture lectures, will begin at 6-30 p.m. A Historical and Archaeological Exhibition, the first of its kind in Bombay, will remain open at St. Xavier's College. Entrance will be free to members. Entrance Fee of Re. 1 per head will be charged to non-members.

Two Excursions have been arranged:—(1) Elephanta Caves; under the direction of the Rev. H. Heras. S. J., and (2) Ruins of Bassein; under the direction of Mr. Braz A. Fernandes.

General Souvenir Programme and Guide will be published and supplied gratis to all members. Inquiries and membership fees should be addressed to the undersigned at the above address.

A. I. JAIN YOUTH CONFERENCE.

The first session of the All-India Jain Youth Conference will be held at Bombay during the ensuing Christmas holidays." The time and place will be fixed later on.

The membership fees of the Reception Committee are Rs. 5—10—and 25 only. All correspondence should be addressed to Jain Yuvak Parishad, 26-30 Dhanji Street, Bombay No. 3.

SWASTIK LEAGUE VOLUNTEER CAMP.

The Secretary of the Publicity Committee of the Swastik League, writes from Tribhuwan Terraces, Lamington Road, Bombay, 2.

"The annual camp of the Swastik League Volunteer Corps will be held this year at Kihim, Kanakeshwar (Colaba District) on the 25th and 26th inst. Volunteers and non-volunteer members of the League can join. Members wishing to join are requested to give their names together with a subscription of Rs. 5/- to Dr. S. S. Sabnis Tribhowan Road, Girgaum."

W. KHANDESH LOCAL SELF-GOVT. CONFERENCE, 1931.

The first session of the West Khandesh District Local Bodies' Conference will be held on Sunday (13th) and Monday (14th) inst. in the Gajanan Theatre at Nandurbar. Mr. C. R. Shroff of Palghar (District Thana) will preside. Mr. T. N. Shroff, President of the Nandurbar Municipality is the Chairman of the Reception Committee.

ALL-INDIA SWADESHI EXHIBITION, MADRAS.

An All-India Swadeshi Exhibition will be held from the 15th inst. to the 15th of January 1932 at the Congress House, Mount Road, Madras. It is confined to purely Swadeshi goods and Khaddar in textiles.

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B. I. T. Kalapani Chawls Jamat Thanks Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Laljee.

(From A Correspondent.)

A meeting of the B.I.T. Kalapani Chawls Jamat was convened on Tuesday under the presidentship of Haji Moula Bux, and the service rendered by Mr. Hooseinbhoy Laljee in bringing about a settlement in the rent dispute was very much applauded. It was also recorded that in pursuance to their resolution of 23rd November, they all would have been put to great inconvenience and loss, had it not been for the timely intervention of Mr. Hooseinbhoy Laljee.

The following resolution was then moved by Mr. Abdul Samad, and was unanimously passed:—"This Jamat begs to tender its heartfelt thanks to Mr. Hooseinbhoy Laljee for the invaluable service he has rendered in effecting a satisfactory settlement of the rent dispute, in the absence of which both the tenants and the Trust would have been subjected to great hardships."

Indian Economic Conference.

The fifteenth Indian Economic Conference will be held in Bombay, under the auspices of the University of Bombay, on 2, 4, 5 and 6 of January 1932. The following subjects have been selected for discussion at the Conference:—

(1) Indian Banking Problems. (2) Indian Labour Problems. (3) Theory of Industrial Fluctuations. (4) A subject of current economic interest, to be selected by the Executive Committee of the Indian Economic Association. This will be notified by December 15, 1931.

Prof. T. K. Doraiswami Iyer of Madras has been elected President of the Indian Economic Association for the year, and will preside over the Conference.

Those interested in the work of the Conference are hereby requested to join the Reception Committee, the fee for which is Rs. 10/- only. It has been decided to supply a copy of the papers to be discussed at the Conference to all members of the Reception Committee, who will also be invited to take part in the discussions and other functions in connection with the Conference, which will be notified in the course. A meeting of the Reception Committee will be called some time in November.

Communications may be addressed to the Honorary Local Secretary, Professor C. N. Vakil, University Professor of Economics, Schools of Economics and Sociology, University of Bombay.

IMPERIAL INDIAN CITIZENSHIP ASSOCIATION'S REPORT.

The following are extracts from the report of the Managing Committee of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, for 1929-30:

Towards the end of 1928, the Hilton-Young Commission's Report on Closer Union of the Dependencies in Eastern and Central Africa was published. The general findings of the main report were sympathetic from the Indian point of view. But the European community agitated for further enquiry. The Government readily gave in, and appointed Sir Samuel Wilson for the purpose. The Government of India deputed the Right Hon'ble Srinivasa Sastri to present the Indian case before Sir Samuel Wilson. The Association whole-heartedly supported the Government of India in nominating Mr. Sastri for the delicate mission.

A Deputation of the East African Indian National Congress visited India in 1929. An emergent meeting of the Council of the Association was convened to meet the members of the Deputation.

The Deputation requested the Association to contribute its share towards their expenses and in response to this request the Council resolved to finance Pandit Hirdayanath Kunzru's mission to England.

MISUNDERSTANDINGS REMOVED.

Before the Deputation left the shores of India, they had another conference with the Council of the Association, when the Right Hon'ble Srinivasa Sastri was also present.

As a result of this conference, certain misunderstandings which had unfortunately existed between the Right Hon'ble Srinivasa Sastri and the Indians in Kenya disappeared.

The Association supported the Government of India's action in appointing Sir K. V. Reddi to succeed Mr. Sastri as the Agent to the Government of India in South Africa.

ASSOCIATION'S WORK.

It was reported to the Association by the South African Indian Congress, that contrary to the Cape Town Agreement, the Government of India were neglecting their duty to look after the welfare of Indian repatriates. The Association urged the Government to enquire into the alleged neglect on their part and also asked for statistics and other particulars of the help rendered by the Government of India to the repatriates from South Africa.

The Association had received constant enquiries from all parts of India and numerous calls at the office with a view to ascertain the possibilities of Indian emigration to Brazil in South America. The Government of India are reluctant to assist voluntary emigration to Brazil. The Association had no definite information regarding conditions existing in Brazil and in consequence was not able to help the prospective emigrants.

The Association regrets to record that despite its best endeavours and repeated requests to the Government of India to stop, if possible, or at least to reduce it to its minimum, the tragedy of the deaths on the voyage of the unfortunate repatriated Indians returning from British Guiana, it continues as before.

Messrs. Kanji Dwarkadas and S. A. Walz, two members of the Council of the Association were deputed to meet the representatives of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co. on 26th November 1929 to discuss with them the deck passengers' complaints and allied questions. Various suggestions made by the representatives of the Association in their report were accepted by Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.

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Adding to the gross profit, Interest and Sundry Receipts and deducting Sundry Charges, Debenture Interest, Depreciation, Income Tax, and Salaries a net profit is shown of £1,24,935 which, with the balance from the previous year makes the disposable profit £1,28,916.

The Directors recommend for declaration a balance dividend at the rate of 3-1/2d. per Share, free of Income Tax, payable on the 20th January, 1932, to Shareholders on the books of the Company on the 17th December, 1931.

The year's expenditure on Capital Account amounted to £3,600-1-1.

A sum of £25,142-17-3 has been written off.

The quantity of crude oil produced again shows a falling off the output from new wells having been insufficient to counteract the natural decline of the older producers.

Appeal For Help To Sufferers From Floods.

The President and Secretaries, B.P.C.C. write:—

"On the 2nd November last heavy rains showered in three Talukas of the Nasik District. The rivers in the vicinity were so heavily flooded that no crops or properties could be saved on the banks.

After hearing about this incident Sjt. A. V. Thakkar of the Servants of India Society hurriedly rushed to the spot and inspected 20 villages. Other local workers are also busy in estimating and rendering help to the poor Kisans. They are homeless having no food and clothing. The winter is approaching near. District Congress Committee has appointed one flood relief Committee and the Committee has rendered help to the sufferers. The Deputation from Lasalgaon has come to Bombay who had seen Sardar Vallabhbhai and Sjt. K. F. Nariman in this respect. The President of the B.P.C.C. has proposed to send out Mr. Patil their representative, to help the Local Workers in that District. We, on behalf of the flood striken people, make an earnest appeal that for the sake of humanity, help these Sufferers as soon as possible. The help should be sent to the Secretary, Flood Relief Committee, Lasalgaon (G. I. P. Rly.)"

15TH WEEK! LAST WEEK!

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FIRST ESSENTIAL FOR ACHIEVING FREEDOM.

In the course of his convocation address to the Lucknow University Prof. Sir Radhakrishnan said:—

There are brief periods in the life of individuals. decades in the history of peoples, which through the intensity of the emotions they produce and the results they achieve are worth centuries of ordinary life. India is passing through such a historic period. The passion for political freedom is the greatest ferment at work. Even the left wing politicians would not care to deny the immense services rendered to this country by the early British administrators who established peace and security in territories which were frequently subjected to the ravages of contending hosts But it would be equally futile to overlook the loss of self-respect and manhood of the nation incident to foreign rule. The present condition of mental and moral decay consequent on political subjection and economic depression is engaging our attention. The study of Western history and institutions has roused in us a love of freedom and a sense of self-respect. Love of liberty is a native instinct of the human soul. Freedom is not coveted as a means for any further end of efficiency of administration or economic prosperity. It is not a means to any other end. it is itelf the highest end.

CLOCK OF TIME CAN'T STAND STILL.

The clock of time can neither go back nor stand still. It is impossible for the British statesmen to go back on their past and attempt to rule India by force. Repression cannot stop the growth of legitimate political aspirations, even as violence on our part cannot further it. It is deplorable that some of our young men in their impatience for political freedom are attracted by the cult of violence. Its destructive nature is not properly understood by those who resort to it. If it is allowed to grow, not only will it postpone the day of India's liberation but will leave behind it a legacy which will make civilized existence difficult. It is our duty to make the path of reason and reconciliation more attractive to them. It will be a great day not only for India and Great Britain but for the whole world if a just settlement is arrived at by which India is content to remain a member of the British Empire, without sacrifice of her pride, self-respect, and freedom of independent nationhood. Great Britain, I dare say, has not forgotten how she lost the North American Colonies and retained the South African Union. India will not refuse to remain a member of the British Empire, if such membership means connection with Great Britain for mutual advantage and not control by Great Britain for her own interests.

FOND ILLUSION.

The problem is not solved. However, if responsibility for the Government of India is transferred to Indian hands. It is a fond illusion to think that everybody will be happy and contented the moment India obtains freedom to manage her own affairs. Swaraj cannot cure all ills. Referring to the Reform Bill, Sydney Smith said: "All young ladies will imagine, as soon as the Bill is passed. that they will be instantly married. School boys believe that gerunds and supines will be abolished and that current tarts must come down in price; the corporal and the sergeant are sure of double pay; bad poets will expect a demand for their epics." Simply because Home Rule for India is obtained, we need not think that we will have plenty to eat, enough to drink. good clothes, pleasant homes, good education, and sufficient leisure for all. Self-government does not mean that all heads will become hard and all pillows soft. We cannot make an Utopia to order. The first essential for achieving political freedom as well as for guarding it when attained is a juster social order. We must build a social structure rooted in principles of truth, freedom. and equality. The University men are both the builders and the material of the new structure, and if they go out of the University and enter life imbued by the principles of honesty and adventure, vision. and courage, they will help us to build the new India which is yet to be.

THE PRESENT CRISIS.

There are periods in the life of every country when the interests of the whole demand the sacrifice of private claims. The European nations in the Great War lived in one of such periods when their citizens set aside their individual comforts and interests for the sake of the national well-being. It is not true that such periods occur only when nations are threatened by external enemies. When a flood or a famine overtakes a land, a situation arises when the interests of the whole country dominate those of the individuals who compose it. To my mind, our country to-day is faced by a crisis of the first magnitude. It is not war or revolution or national bankruptcy but internal disruption that is threatening us. The new India which we are attempting to build is being strangled at its very birth by anti-national forces. In the hour of our awakening we find ourselves surrounded by forces which make for our continued bondage. The failure to reach a communal settlement has had grave reactions. Faith, security. and hope are displaced by a new distrust, a new anxiety. a new uncertainty. We have lost the spirit of courage and experiment associated with progressive nations.

TIME AND CHANGE.

Mighty nations in the past had been doomed to decay because they could not change in response to changed conditions. History found them useless and swept them aside in its onward march. If we are to preserve ourselves, we must use the lighted torch. the cleansing fire, the spirit that rebels. We must wrestle with the past that oppresses us, the relics of barbarism that threaten our very life, the fantatistic notions about elemental facts that militate against decent living. We do things in our daily life which are a disgrace to our humanity. We eat food. wear clothes, and enjoy comforts, while those who produce them are dying by degrees in unhealthy surroundings and bad economic conditions. We repress our natural sympathy with those who suffer because it does not pay us. An acceptance of large-scale injustice is the price we pay for our comforts. We applaud an aberation which denies human rights to millions of our kith and kin, and, to our lasting shame, we confound it with religion.

FITNESS FOR DEMOCRACY.

The priestly classes still occupy a dominant position in our social order or, may I say, disorder. So long as we are unable to resist their influence and continue to think that the caste or the community matters more than the country, we are mediaeval in our minds and are unfit for true democracy. If we do not check this growing menace. we will drift back

(Continued on page 14).

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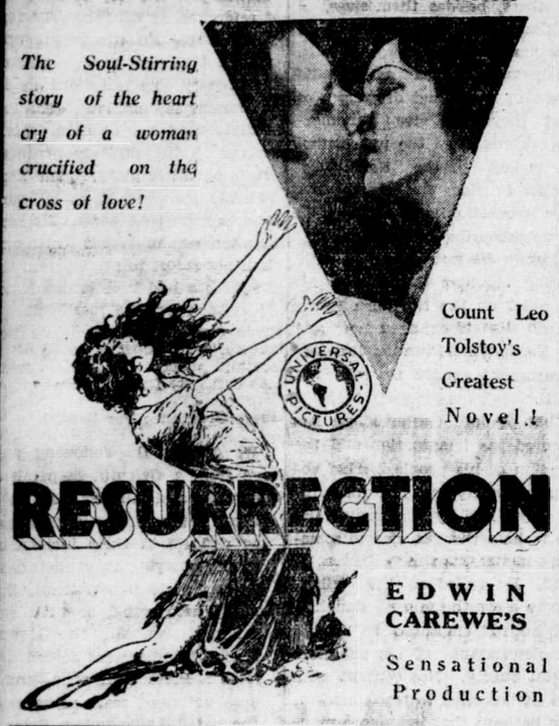

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LATEST QUOTATIONS.

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T. T. ON NEW YORK

		London, Dec. 11.
Previous	Close	3.30
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Difference		+02

T. T. ON LONDON.

		New York, Dec. 11.
Previous	Close	3.30
To-day's	Close	3.32
Difference		+02

Bombay City And Suburbs.

—:o:—

TO-DAY.

"Babu Genu Day" celebrations by B. P. C. C. Prabhat Pheri Processions to Kalbadevi Road, Unveiling of Martyr's Portrait by Sjt. K. F. Nariman in Congress House Compaund, at 8 a.m.

States' People's Meeting, Blavatsky Lodge, 6-30 p.m. Prof. Abhyankar to speak.

Public Meeting, Gandhi Chowk Vile Parle, 9 p.m., Dr. Hardikar, Mrs. Kamaladevi and Miss Safia Somji will address on "Hindustani Seva Dal".

TUESDAY, Dec. 15.

Sardar Vallabhbhai opens Women's Central Camp, at Matunga.

PROF. ABHYANKAR WILL ADDRESS PUBLIC MEETING.

A public meeting of the States' People residing in Bombay will be held under the auspices of the Indian States' People's Conference to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Blavatsky Lodge (French Bridge), when Prof. G. R. Abhyankar, a member of the delegation of the States' people who has returned from England, will speak on "The work of the delegation in England." Mr. Amritlal Thakkar will preside.

WILSON COLLEGE GYMKHANA COMMITTEE ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The annual athletic sports will be held on the Wilson College Ground, Kennedy Sea Face, to-day (Saturday) at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), when the Hon. Sir G. B. Pradhan will preside and Lady Pradhan to distribute the prizes.

MEETING OF DHRANGADHRA STATES' PEOPLE.

Under the auspices of Dhrangadhra Sansthan Praja Mandal, there will be a public meeting of Dhrangadhra States' People to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. (S. T.) in the office hall, Dahanukar Building, Kalbadevi Road, to consider the present situation in Dhrangadhra State and to give necessary help to Dhrangadhra Satyagraha struggle.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The annual general meeting of the Social Service League, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) 1at 5 p.m. (S. T.) at the Servants of India Society's Home Sandhurst Road.

B. P. TRADE UNIONS CONFERENCE.

A meeting of the Provisional Committee of the representatives of the Trade Unions in Bombay will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. in the office of the G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union, Shetye Buildings, Poibavdi, Parel.

PUBLIC MEETING AT VILE PARLE.

Under the joint auspices of Vile Parle Congress Committee, Vile Parle Youth League and Mahila Mandal, a public meeting will be held in Gandhi Chowk to-day, (Saturday) at 9 p.m. when Dr. Hardikar, Shrimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, Miss Safia Somji, Kisan Dhumatkar and Smt. Gangaben Patel will address the public on "Hindustani Seva Dal."

INDIAN MUSICAL COMPETITION.

Under the auspices of the Shree Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya, there will be held a competition concert of Indian music of students from different musical institutions to-day (Saturday) at Blavatsky Lodge at 4 p.m.

The Committee of Examiners appointed is as follows:—(President): Sangit Ratna Abdu karim Khan, and (Members): Prof. Dasaratha Buva, Moole, (Poona), Sheth N. H. Belgaumwala and Shreemati Bai Padmavati (Benaras).

DR. E. STANLEY JONES' LECTURE.

Dr. Jones will deliver his sixth and last lecture to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Wilson College, on "Karma and the Cross," Sir Stanley Reed presiding.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL.

A special general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council will be held at the Town Hall to-day (Saturday) at 11 a.m., to elect a president in place of Lady Tata, deceased.

INSTRUCTION CLASSES.

Instruction classes at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Ravelin Street, Fort, will be conducted by the Esan community of Bombay from 6-15 to 7-45 p.m. to-day (Saturday) and on 19th instant, on "The Visible and Invisible Universe" as expounded in 'Vohu Esoma'.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

In aid of Building C. K. P. Amateurs, Andheri, will stage the play "Grihe Devata" to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. Gajdhar Hall Andheri.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

TO-DAY'S PUBLIC MEETING

Under the auspices of the Municipal Committee of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee a public meeting will be held in Shastri Hall, Tardeo to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.) under the presidentship of Sjt. K. F. Nariman. Messrs. S. K. Patil, D. S. Baorekar, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Mrs. Avantikaoai Gokhale, Dr. S. R. Gadekar and others will speak on "Why they should vote for Congress".

PROF. MANJI KHAN'S CONCERTS.

The two concerts by Prof. Manji Khan fixed for to-night (Saturday) and to-morrow afternoon have had to be postponed under unavoidable circumstances to dates that will be intimated later.

PARSI PANCHAYAT REFORM COMMITTEE.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Panchayat Reform Committee a meeting of Parsis will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Fort when Mr. E. R. Heerjibehedin will preside and Miss M. A. Tata, M. P. R. Bharucha, and Lt-Col. J. J. Bhathena will speak on "The approaching septennial elections of the Anjuman Committee of the Parsi Panchayat."

YOUNG MUSLIM FEDERATION.

An adjourned general meeting of the Young Muslim Federation will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. in Young Men's Cutchi Memon Association Hall, when Mr. A. S. Nakhtare will preside.

AMERICAN MISSION HIGH SCHOOL.

The prize distribution of American Mission High School, Byculla, will be held at the School to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. when Mr. H. K. Kirpalani will preside and Mrs. Kirpalani will distribute prizes.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Vishwananda of Shri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, will conduc the usual public class on "Upanishads" at the Batliboi's on Saturday at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) and at the Ashram Hall, on Sunday at 9 a.m. (S.T.) The Swami will also conduct another public class at Borivli as usual the same evening.

DESH SEVIKA SANGH.

There is no picketing to-day (Saturday). All the picketing Sevikas are asked to join the Babu Genu procession starting from Kalbadevi Road, at 6-30 p.m. The Desh Sevika Sangh Committee will meet at 5 p.m.

The picketing from 5 Mahomedan shops at Bhuleshwar is postponed till Wednesday, the 16th instant.

BOMBAY TELUGU STUDENTS EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

A Conference of the Telugu Students of Bombay will be held during Christmas holidays. A Reception Committee has been formed with Mr. S.L. Sllam as its Chairman. A representative Committee has been appointed to collect funds and make all other arrangements towards making the Conference a success. Mr. S.S. Gangla has been elected the President of the Conference, the exact dates of which will be announced shortly.

A meeting of the Reception Committee will be held on Saturday 12th instant at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the 'Telugu Hall' Kamatipura.

CURRENCY DEPTT. ACCOUNTS.

Following is an abstract of the accounts of the Currency Department, 7th December, 1931:—

(In thousands of rupees).

Notes in circulation	1,65,50,40
RESERVE.	
(In India).	
Silver coin	1 20,31,20
Gold bullion	4,36,45
Silver bullion	8,26,98
Securities (Purchase price) in India	32,36,67

PANVEL PUBLIC MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Panvel Taluka Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held in the Muhammadan Bazaar Peth, Panvel on Sunday, the 13th inst. at 9 p.m. when Messrs. Hafiz Ali Bahadur Khan, Brelvi, Abdul Rehman Mitha, Chagla, Abdul Kayum Khan, "Khudai Khidmatgar" of the Frontier, Dr. Gour and others will speak on the "Present Situation."

PICKETING IN "C" WARD.

The "C" Ward Congress Committee notes that the volunteers who are picketing the toddy and liquor shops, are being harassed and beaten. Shanker Savant and Dwarkanath Balkrishna were beaten in the Nal Bazar area. The shopkeepers are requested to see that the volunteers are not in this way roughly handled.

Selections For To-Day's Races.

(BY "WATCHDOG.")

1ST RACE:—		
DOJAN	.....	1
DHIBSHALWA	.....	2
KANTAKA	.....	3
2ND RACE:—		
ATSHAN	.....	1
WHITE GOLD	.....	2
DILAWARJUNG	.....	3
3RD RACE:—		
BAJI	.....	1
REGARD	.....	2
SABBAR	.....	3
4TH RACE:—		
MIRAJ	.....	1
SKY HAWK	.....	2
O. B. E.	.....	3
5TH RACE:—		
COMTE DE GRASSE	.....	1
VENDOR	.....	2
QUICK TOY	.....	3
6TH RACE:—		
COLLECTOR	.....	1
KHUMAYSSA	.....	2
AL WALI	.....	3
7TH RACE:—		
BULAND	.....	1
JEBEL DRUSE	.....	2
ATREAS	.....	3
8TH RACE:—		
WESTERHAM	.....	1
EPOS	.....	2
POOR SCATS	.....	3
9TH RACE:—		
MANSHAD	.....	1
BLACK BEAUTY	.....	2
MURAT	.....	3

BABU GENU DAY

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

CELEBRATIONS BY B. P. C. C.

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, write:—

"The following is the complete programme chalked out by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, for the "Babu Genu Day" on the 12th inst. (Saturday):—

Prabhat Pheries in various Wards will march towards Kalbadevi to the sacred spot from early morning. By 7 a.m. (S.T.) they will all assemble in the open compound of Bhangwadi Theatre (Kalbadevi). From there a procession of the Prabhat Pheries will pass by the shrine to pay homage to the cherished memory of the martyr. It will be led by Sjt. K.F. Nariman, who will put a wreath on the sacred spot. After passing through Bhuleshwar, C.P. Tank, and Girgaum Back Road, it will reach the Congress House, where the portrait (oil painting) of Babu Genu will be unveiled by the President of the B.P.C.C. at 8 a.m. (S.T.) in the open compound. Leaders will address. Speeches will be broadcast in the adjoining streets and in the neighbouring area by means of loud speakers. Special accommodation will be reserved for ladies. After the meeting is over the portrait will be removed to the meeting of the B.P.C.C. where it is to be installed.

Picture-photos of Babu Genu will be sold in the City for nominal price throughout the day. They are now available at the Congress House.

At 8 p.m. the same day, there will be another public meeting on the Kamgar Maidan, where Sjt. Nagindas T. Master will preside and leaders will address.

Volunteer Corps in the City are requested to present themselves for duties at the Bhangwadi Theatre at 6 a.m. (S.T.).

AT NAVI WADI.

Under the auspices of the Municipal Committee of the B.P.C.C. a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Navi Wadi, Dadisheth Agiari Street, Swadeshi Bazar, Bombay, when Sjt. Jamnadas Dwarkadas will speak on "Babu Genu and Swadeshi," and Dr. M.B. Velkar will preside.

AT DADAR.

To-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. a procession will start from Saitan Chowki and will terminate at Nagoo Sayaji Wadi, where a public meeting will be held. Speakers will address. The photos of Babu Genu will be sold throughout the procession by the members of the Hindi Stree Sangathan Club of Dadar.

AT BHULESHWAR.

Under the auspices of the "C" Ward Distt. Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held at (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. Kanalalal Munshi will preside and Messrs. Purshottamdas Trikamdas, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Umashanker Dixit, Mrs. Lilabati Munshi, Manibhai Desai and others will speak on "Babu Genu and Boycott of foreign cloth."

AT KALBADEVI.

Under the auspices of the Kalbadevi Swadeshi Pracharak Mandal, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday), at 8-30 p.m. at Durgadevi, Kumbharwada 2nd Lane, when Sjt. Dalpatram P. Pathak will preside and prominent speakers will speak on "Babu Genu Day and Foreign Cloth Boycott."

BY BOMBAY STUDENTS.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' League, there will be the celebration of "Babu Genu Day," to-day (Saturday) at 6 a.m. in the Bombay Students' League's office.

The special "Babu Genu issue of "Vidyarthi" weekly will be sold.

AT THANA.

Under the joint auspices of the Sashti Taluka Congress Committee, the Thana Khadi Pracharak Sangha, and the Vanar Sena, "Babu Genu Day" will be observed to-day (Saturday). A procession will be taken out at 7 a.m. from the Congress Camp and a public meeting will be held at 9 p.m. in the Vegetable Market, Thana in connection with the "Babu Genu Day" and also protest against the Bengal Ordinance, and against the savage sentence passed on Senapati Bapat, when Messrs. Hafiz Ali Bahadur Khan, Abdul Rehman Mitha, Abdul Kayumkhan, Dr. Gour and others will address the meeting.

Imperial Bank Rate Unchanged.

BOMBAY, Dec. 10

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest on demand loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at eight per cent.—A.P.

PATHE CINEMA

THE SUPER TALKIE HOUSE
TO-DAY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10.
EXTRA SHOW TO-MORROW AT 10 A. M.

SHE HAD ONCE ORDERED HIM KILLED !

The cruelest woman in all Africa —white Goddess of the savage Isorgi ! She ordered him sacrificed in wild "juju" rites— and then the strangest romance in the world sweeps through this picture of 1000 new thrills !

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Such Jungle Fights as Have Never Before Been Filmed !

Such Romance as Will Grip Your Heart !

Such Drama as Will Make You Gasp!

BOOKING AT S. ROSE & CO.OR AT THEATRE.

LATEST COTTON PRICES.

(Cotton Information Bureau, 381, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET JANUARY.

	New York, Dec. 11.
Previous closing rate	... 5.95
To-day's opening rate	... 6.00
Difference	..... plus .05
To-day's closing rate	... 6.09
Difference	..... plus .14

Broach expectation Rs. 192/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET. JANUARY.

	Liverpool, Dec. 11.
Previous closing rate	... 4.88
To-day's opening rate	... 4.89
Difference	..... plus .01
To-day's closing rate	... 4.91
Difference	..... plus .03

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

	London, Dec. 11
Silver ready	..... 20 7/16
Higher	..... 1/4
Silver forward	..... 20 5/8
Higher	..... 1/4
Market: India bought	

BOMBAY PRICES.

	Bombay, Dec. 11.
Spot	..... 63 10 0
Magsar	..... 63 11 0
Gold	..... 30 3 0

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1931.

WHY THEY AGREED

Writing on Thursday on the Lords debate on Government's declaration of Indian policy, we said: "The House is sure to affirm the declaration, though with some show of opposition." Our confidence, it is superfluous to explain, was based not on the generosity or the good sense of the Lords but on the niggardliness of the policy commended to them. That confidence was not misplaced, for we now learn that the House has accepted Government's motion, that Lord Lloyd did not press his amendment to a division, and that another amendment for adjourning the debate was defeated by 106 votes to 58—not a small majority considering the Lords' ancient reputation for being deadweight on progress. Government's motion was carried for the simple reason we have stated before, that there was little in the motion. That is not our opinion only. Lord Reading and several others repeatedly assured the House that they were asked only to endorse the general underlying principles of the White Paper, and that too provisionally. Nay, the astute Lord Reading went a great deal further when he seriously suggested that, while the constitution at the centre must be changed, "he was not suggesting that it must necessarily be changed to the extent proposed in the White Paper." That must have satisfied many Tories. To use mathematical terms, just for the sake of clearness, the position was somewhat as follows: Many Tory Lords would go only so far as giving India 10 per cent. responsibility of some sort at the Centre, of course in a reasonably long time. But Lord Reading said to them in effect, "Why not promise immediately 80 per cent. of responsibility? That fairly sounds like 'substance of Swaraj.' Then demand back 60 per cent. in the shape of safeguards. "Safeguards" is quite a plausible term and has impressed even Mr. Gandhi. And as regards the remainder of 20 per cent. of the promise, you see, I am not suggesting that the Central Government must necessarily be changed to the extent proposed in the White Paper. And finally, your vote is after all provisional. Just say for the time being, 'I agree'." Many Lords now understood what was what and voted for Government's motion.

We cannot withhold a word of sympathy for the defeated minority. Some of them were refreshingly plain-spoken and did not seem to relish the equivocation so eloquently commended to them. Lord Middleton begged of the Government "to give them a concrete resolution so that they could proceed on something definite and not the indefinite things in the White Paper." He did not seem to realise that definiteness could not admit of prevarication. Lord Lloyd was more outspoken when in the earlier part of the debate he said that "if real responsibility was introduced, the safeguards would be worthless." But when he was later told by Lord Reading that the Safeguards could not possibly be worthless, he must have been reassured, and he withdrew his amendment.

A casual remark made by one of the speakers deserves to be singled out for specific mention. Referring to the communal difficulty in India, the Marquess of Zetland repudiated the "base calumny particularly prevalent in the western hemisphere, that the British Government had fostered and maintained this grave difficulty in pursuance of the policy of 'divide and rule'. We had not known that the "calumny" had travelled so far and was particularly prevalent in the western hemisphere. Another remark of another speaker also deserves to be specially noted, as being in sharp contrast with the general flippant tone of the debate. It was a word of warning from Lord Dufferin who said that if the Opposition amendment was carried or the debate adjourned, "the possibility of a reasonable settlement would be lost to the present generation." It is not less true to say that if British politicians continue to trifle with the Indian question, the possibility of a reasonable settlement (from the British point of view) may be lost for ever.

THE OFFENCE

Mr. H.C. Haig, I.C.S will succeed Sir James Crerar, I.C.S, as Home Member in the Government of India. To Indians the succession of a British member of the I.C.S. to an office held by another British member is not a matter of great interest. It only means the continuation of the same "Steel Frame" outlook. The Indian demand is that the highest offices in the State must be held by India's own countrymen, but it appears that even the mere circulation of a rumour that "the next Home Member of the Government of India would be an Indian" is a rank offence in the eyes of Anglo-India. The "Evening News of India" commenting upon Mr. Haig's appointment refers to "a glaring example" of "kite-flying" in this connection. It vents its spleen on a news agency which, in its opinion, "the other day, went out of its way, to state that no confirmation was available of a story which it did not itself originate, but was apparently published in some inconspicuous rag, that the next Home Member of the Government of India would be an Indian." This mean and captious criticism of a news agency simply because it circulated a report which was undoubtedly of considerable interest to Indians, shows up in no very pleasant light the attitude of those who proffer lip-sympathy to Indian aspirations, but see red even at the mere mention of the desire on the part of Indians that the highest administrative positions in their country must be held by the sons of the soil.

IN THE NATIONAL INTEREST

In a few weeks' time will be held the election of the Executive Committee for the next year of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. It will be recalled that last year there entered upon the scene of contest a new group, the Nationalist Group, who secured fourteen out of twenty-three seats. In spite of the fact that the majority of this group were seeking election for the first time, the electorate testified to its confidence in them by voting for them and enabling them to secure a splendid victory. What impressed the electorate was the desire of the new group to do service to the country in accordance with truly national ends. The reason why they sought election was their conviction that the Chamber was not marching with the spirit of the times. There had grown up in that body vested interests which, unless powerfully resisted, would have lowered the Chamber in the estimation of the commercial community and the country. The vested interests were busy last year with grim speculations about the decline in power and influence of the Chamber if the Nationalist group secured adequate voice in its council and when they now find that the entry of the group has made the Chamber a more powerful exponent of economic nationalism than ever before, they coolly attribute this to their own past efforts. The issue before the electors is very simple. India's commercial disabilities and industrial paralysis cannot be cured except through political freedom. The Chamber must stand by the country in the struggle for freedom. The national fight for freedom does not admit of compromises, injurious to national interests. The Nationalist group stands for no such compromises and expects that the electorates will give it hearty support, ensuring it a victory at the polls so that nationalist interests can be advanced through the Chamber.

WIDER OUTLOOK

The appeal issued to Bombay's municipal voters by the Congress candidates at the forthcoming Corporation elections in a joint manifesto over the signature of the President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee is indicative of the wide outlook and the intense desire to serve civic interests which animate Congress activity in this country. The Corporation will tend to be certainly far more democratic in the conception of its duties than it is at present, if the rate-payers give opportunity to every Congress candidate to secure victory at the polls. The manifesto emphasizes the need of extending free and compulsory education and the provision of drainage in the north of Bombay. The Congress Party "also believes in the municipalisation of public utility services such as tramways, telephones and lighting services, etc., and will strain for it when the proper occasion arises." This connotes a wider outlook on the city's civic problems than that of those who denounce the extension of primary education and adequate medical relief or the cheapening of public utility services as "extravagant and chimerical" ideas. The success of the Congress candidates will annoy vested interests. The issue of the manifesto has already annoyed an Anglo-Indian contemporary. It can read into it only a "decision" to run the Corporation "on Tammany Hall lines." But mud-slinging can never harm the Congress.

UNFAIR TACTICS

The field of repression seems to be steadily widening. In the Punjab as in Behar and several parts it has apparently begun with a policy of deliberate pin-pricks, evidently to lead to more "firm" rule in the near future. Dr. Satyapal says in a press statement that several nationalists of Sialkot have been convicted and ordered to furnish bail to be of good behaviour for one year for no other reason than that they organised Congress Committees in their district. Finally, Dr. Satyapal naively asks Government to "boldly announce that the Delhi settlement is dead and buried." They won't do it and forego the advantage of hitting those who continue to be bound by the Truce.

Trifles.

According to a Geneva message the meeting addressed by Mahatma Gandhi at Victoria Hall was composed of all classes.

This is disturbing news. But until I hear from Mr. Villiers to the contrary, I shall firmly decline to believe that it included "Europeans" also.

* * * * *

The Jerusalem Congress is at an end. Looking back at its proceedings, I find that it has done two very important things:

(1) It has decided to take up the cause of Russian Muslims against the Bolsheviks and

(2) It has decided to start Y.M.M.A.'s all over the world.

This double record makes the Congress a magnificent success multiplied by 2.

* * * * *

I must congratulate the chief organisers, the Grand Mufti and Mr. Shaukat Ali.

It is such a delightful thing to find, also, that the confidence reposed by the High Commissioner was not abused. No, no. On the contrary. Oh. Yes! On the contrary.

* * * *

Which reminds me. I like the impish cleverness of our Turkish contemporaries. The broad hints that Mr. Shaukat Ali has been throwing about himself through his occasional letters to the "Khilafat"—his talents as a negotiator, his diplomacy, his attractive "characteristics," etc.—were thrown away on his friends and admirers. The Turks had little data and yet they have discovered the true vocation of the Maulana.

* * * * *

He is a "Diplomat" who ought to go abroad in the interest of—well, what I mean to say is that he should be sent abroad as an eminent, capable diplomat.

* * * * *

About the other item. I have a great respect for the Aga Khan. I am, in fact, an Aga Khan fan—I remember having put my shirt (6d.) once on his Derby candidate and winning half-a-shirt (3d.) on the transaction. I also remember being told once that a car that had just passed me without my particularly noticing it, bore the Aga Khan. I shook visibly with disappointed excitement and did not recover until I had taken two large cups of very black and steaming hot coffee.

* * * * *

But His Highness would forgive me, if I regarded the news about his Viceroyalty as too obvious and exaggerated a joke even to be plausible.

* * * * *

"It is significant," says our London correspondent, "that the Premier and the Secretary of State were unrepresented when Gandhiji left."

The only significance that I can see is that compared with other and distinguished "delegates" the man was rightly estimated as too insignificant to be entitled to a "see-off."

Statesmen are known as much by their gestures or omission as of commission.

* * * * *

Speaking on his amendment in the House of Lords, Baron Lloyd counselled the Government "to discontinue building from the top and make a beginning from the bottom by extending and widening the basis and deepening its foundations."

Thanks. The experience of Back Bay warrants.

India must thank God for the Lloyds—I mean the Baron and the Dredger.

* * * * *

The presidentship of the Muslim League is going a-begging. Sir Sultan Ahmad has declined it for professional reasons. Moulvi Rafiuddin Ahmad regrets his non-acceptance on homoeo-political grounds. The third choice would obviously be Mr. Mahomed Al Allah Bakhsh.

* * * * *

After he too had thankfully pleaded inability, I would suggest to Sir Mahomed Yakub should advertise for candidates.

In a discreet way, of course, as thus:

"WANTED—A Muslim to preside for three days over proceedings of the greatest Muslim organisation in India. Easy job. Easier popularity. Only qualifications required are: (1) the candidate must be a Muslim Mussalman, not a pro-Hindu Nationalist and (2) can read—writing not essential—an address supporting 14 points. Apply with Press clippings—if any—of speeches and manifestos against Gandhi, Congress and the Nationalist Muslim Party to M.Y (Sir) c/o the 'Civil and Military Gazette," Lahore, or the "Pioneer," Allahabad."

The Truth About "Red Shirts"

THEIR NON-VIOLENCE & HOSPITALITY

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—If the account given by the Associated Press of the 10th inst. regarding the hunting accident near Peshawar to a European lady and the refusal of the Pathan villager to help, is true to facts, it is a most distressing incident! And, I am sure to none will it cause more pain than to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan.

It was only a month ago that during a casual visit to these parts I had the pleasure of meeting a large number of Pathans, both men and women in all walks of life. My very first impression was that you could scarcely come across a people more hospitable or affectionate. The more of them I meet, the more the impression is strengthened. But at the same time, I realise that these simple direct-thinking people had been embittered by the repressive and harsh acts of local officials, to the Pathans synonymous with Angrez, as in the North-West Frontier Province every official of any consequence is a European.

Their organisation of the Khudai Khidmatgars came under unalloyed displeasure of the officials and what was most dear to the Pathan became anathema to the European. The unfortunate Khudai Khidmatgars have been made the targets of "unreasoning hostility" on the part of the officials If such enlightened and highly trained human beings can forge themselves it is not so strang that the ignorant and untrained villagers should surprise Major Diamond by their "unreasoning hostility"?

Innumerable instances were related where the fact of a man being a Red Shirt was sufficien to mark him out for extra harsh thinking or unjustifiable harassment, and even instances of wanton cruelty from petty officials were given. They have no Press to flourish arresting headlines they are not experts in writing out long articles about all that is happening amidst them from day to day, but because they cannot let the world know of these things they do not feel these injustices any the less.

Khudai Khidmatgars have upto now lived up to their beautiful designation, in spite of innumerable provocations, big and small. It is their sense of discipline and faithfulness to their leaders that seems to exasperate the officials. Poor and simple as the majority of them are, they seemed to have found a new hope in this sense of their solidarity, some call on their higher nature to strive and suffer for others, besides themselves, a call that nobody cared to make all these years.

They were treated as splendid hewers of wood and drawers of water, they were given innumerable rewards from the unaccountable budget of the North-West Frontier Province for carrying out order unquestioningly. They and the neighbouring independent tribes-men were not interfered with, fighting amongst themselves. All was quiet on the Northern Front. But all that is changed now and the North-West Frontier Province Government cannot or will not see it.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan has captured the imagination and the affection of his people, by his voluntary poverty and his unassuming ways, and by his burning desire to help them to rise to something higher than mere hewers of wood. He called on the tribesmen to cease the mutual slaughter and himself embraced as brother the descendant of his ancestors' mortal enemy. Not content with that he has tried to teach his brother Pathans that it is more manly and heroic to bear suffering and even death, rather than inflict it on others. One cannot but see the difference; I had the good fortune to witness the gathering of over 20,000 men, Red shirts and other villagers from scores of surrounding villages. Where five years ago every second Pathan would be carrying a rifle or an iron ring lathi, in this gathering there was not a single rifle and barring a few old men who had staffs as supports, every one came to the meeting place holding nothing but his piece of heavy handmade chadder which protected him both from the cold and sun. Here was a living demonstration of the patience of these impetuous savages as the European papers made them out to be. These people were to meet at 8-30 a.m. but a gathering was not complete for the leaders to address until 12 noon. After that all vast massive group of humanity, men and women, sat silent under the burning sun listening to songs sung by young boys with wonderful thrilling voices; then came the address of their adored leader and nobody left till 3 p.m

(Continued on page 9)

TAGORE SEPTUAGENARY.

IMPORTANT CULTURAL EVENT.

Dr. Kalidas Nag, during his recent visit on the occasion of his lectures of "Pals of Bengal" at the University of Bombay, spoke to his friends about the forthcoming celebrations during the Christmas holidays of the Tagore Septuagenary. He described to a representative of the "Chronicle" the programme of the festival luring "The Tagore Week." The programme includes a Literary Conference presided over by Syt. Sarat Chandra Chatterji. It will discuss the specially invited papers written in Bengalee and dealing, with different aspects of Dr. Tagore's contribution to Bengali literature. A "General Conference" presided over by Sir Sarvapalli Radha Krishnan will discuss papers in English which will depict the poet's literary works in English; his contributions on Philosophy and Religion to Arts and Music, Education Politics, Rural Reconstruction and his ideals of and work at the Visva Bharati. The music festival proposed to be arranged on the occasion will show the work of a "specially trained chorus" and singers who will render representative songs of the poet. The plays of Tagore will also be staged and the festival will conclude with a fair in the Eden Gardens where arts and crafts associated with the poet's work will be exhibited.

"THE GOLDEN BOOK".

Of more than passing interest would be, of course, "The Golden Book of Tagore" which will remain as souvenir of the historic function. The sponsors of the book include Mahatma Gandhi, M Romain Rolland, Sir J. C. Bose Prof. Albert Einstein, M. Costa Palomes.

The festival, arranged during the Christmas holidays, will be convenient to those from every province eager to visit it. It is a chance not to be missed. For the "Tagore Week" will be, it is expected, one of the rare opportunities of examining, reviewing and thus reconstructing the nation's progress and advancement in education, art, and letters, industry and culture.

NOTES OF THE DAY

League's Latest!

The League of Nation's Commission of Inquiry may or may not succeed in solving "all questions affecting Sino-Japanese Peace." The chances are that, despite the admirably wide sweep of its terms of reference, it will fail. The fear is irresistible for the very simple reason that the proviso renders the Inquiry as ridiculous as its programme is ambitious. The immediate need was decisive "interference in the military arrangements of either party." The League has stultified itself by surrendering on that point. Its constitution demands that members shall not resort to arms before the League has had time to pronounce its opinion on the merits of a given dispute. This is its "raison de'etre." To forget it, is almost to commit suicide. And the League has certainly forgotten it.

Press Ordinance For Bengal.

We extract the following passage from a Calcutta despatch to the "Civil and Military Gazette":

Local papers are so vitriolic and so definite in their incitement, hardly worrying about their usual lip-service to non-violence, that many here would be little surprised if eventually the Government of India were forced to issue a Press Ordinance—and it does not need scare-mongers or the hated Anglo-Indian Press to visualise that. If the present disruptive trend continues, more than one ordinance may yet be required."

The Anglo-Indian press is too modest. It is its privilege to visualise out of nothing and visualise with impunity in colours that are as turid as the language is virulently malignant. It is also remarkably unfailing in acting as the shadow for coming events. There need be no doubt that as the "Anglo-Indian press" anticipates, Bengal is to be favoured with a few more ordinances including one against the Press.

A Logical Step.

Nor will this anticipated step or series of steps be illogical. It is, indeed, unavoidable in a campaign designed to create a silent desert and call it peace. Whether it will succeed is a different matter. No repression can ever win against a whole people. Sensible imperialists realise it. But those who are at the helm of affairs today do not believe in warnings by men like Lord Irwin himself. They would rather learn the inevitable lesson from their own experience. It is unfortunate, but it appears unavoidable. Incidentally, the word "vitriolic" in the despatch quoted above, denotes probably nothing less outrageous than the insolence of "local newspapers" in daring to remember Hijli and Chittagong and in saying so.

Madura Mill's Example.

Khadi lovers will be glad to learn that Messrs. Harvey & Co. on behalf of the Madura Mills, one of the biggest spinning companies in India, have agreed not to spin ten to twenty counts in order to give protection to Khaddar. This excellent example deserves to be followed by many more mills in India. The mills have derived so much benefit from the Khaddar and Swadeshi movement for which thousands of Congress workers have toiled and have been jailed or belaboured with sticks, that surely it is not too much for them to restrict themselves to higher counts and leave lower counts to be spun by millions of their half-starved country-men. At the same time it is but fair that the public should give special preference to such Indian mills as, like the Madura Mills, agree to spin only higher counts. The Congress Working Committee may well take the lead in negotiating with the mills in this matter. Our intensive Swadeshi campaign should be an example to the world.

PRINCES' HOSTILITY TO PEOPLE'S DEMAND

What Prof. Ahyankar Saw At Round Table

BRITISH INDIAN DELEGATE'S ATTITUDE

Prof. G. R. Abhyankar, a member of the States People's Delegation, who had proceeded to England; arrived in Bombay on Friday morning per S.S. "Ranchi". A "Chronicle" representative saw them on the Mole.

Asked as regards the mission of the delegation, Prof. Abhyankar said: "It must be admitted we were rather late in going. Just when we landed in England we were confronted with unforeseen difficulties. Parliament was dissolved and the country was plunged into the excitement of a savage election and the Labour Party was completely routed. It was not possible to get a hearing in the Press or the platform until tenth of November and many of our Labour sympathisers were not returned to Parliament. We tried to see such members of the Round Table Conference who were not committed to any view. It was not possible to get any sympathetic hearing from the Conservative leaders.

GANDHIJI'S ADVICE.

British Indian leaders were already committed to their views expressed in the last session of the Federal Structure Committee. We, however, saw some who were newly appointed to the Committee such as Sir Purshottamdas Thakordas, Messrs. Joshi, Ambedkar, Zafferullahkhan. We saw Mr. Lansbury and Lord Oliver who promised to help when the Government measure would be before Parliament. Dr. Laski also promised his support when anything definite was placed before the public by Government. We were strictly following the advice of Mahatma Gandhi and as he did not favour any public agitation either in the Press or the Platform our work lay only in lobbying important people. Mahatmaji believes that we should not close the door of negotiations with the Princes and embarrass him by an open agitation against the Princes. We were under restraint so to speak. We sent three statements to the Lord Chancellod on the Federal Court, on the fundamental rights to the States' people and on the representation on the Federal Legislature.

PRINCES' ATTITUDE.

Q:—What was the attitude of the Princes' delegation?—They were quite hostile to our aspiration. They strongly insisted on sending their nominees to both the Houses of the Federal Legislature. And the vague promises of the ruler of Bikaner and Bhopal to consult their legislative assemblies in the method of selection of States' representatives were found to be a mere eyewash. Th question of fundamental rights did not come up for discussion. As regards the Federal Court the States' people were allowed the right of appeal to the Supreme Court in any cause affecting a Federal subject and were assured of a right to sue their own States when aggrieved about a Federal matter. This was an undoubted gain and our efforts proved of some avail.

MYSORE DEWAN'S SERVICES.

We have, however, to note that Sir Mirza Ismail, the distinguished Dewan of Mysore consented to agree to giving the right of appeal to the States' people to the Federal Court. Sid Mirza also wished the states to send representatives of the people at least to the popular House. Sir Mirza in addition did a great service to the second and third class States by rigidly insisting on the appointment of an independent committee to distribute seats between the various States. Sir Mirza's proposals about the Upper Chamber is vedy thoughtful and would serve to remove many of the anamolies that would be created by the excessive weightage and nominees of the Princes. Mahatmaji favours this proposal, if at all any Upper House is devised. The present proposal of two equal chambers of concurrent powers is most objectionable and was opposed almost unanimously by all the British Indian and it is against the basic principles of any federation.

WHAT ROUND TABLERS SAID.

Q:—What assistance you got from the British Indian delegation—Mr. Joshi very ably and very fearlessly supported the cause of the states' people. He unequivocally advocated the election of the States' people to the Federal House and opposed any weightage. Dr. Ambedkar and Zafferullakhan also supported the election of the States' people. It is to be regretted that the elder British Indian statesmen consented to excessive weightage to the Princes and supported them in their demand that the method of selecting State representatives should be left to the Princes and that it was rather a concern of the Princes than that of the federating units as a whole. Mr. Joshi venemently opposed this view.

THEIR ANXIETY.

Q:—What do you imagine to be the motive of these British Indian statesmen?—Their sole anxiety was to make it easy for the Princes to join the Federation. They firmly believe that unless the Princes came into the Federation the British element would never consent to responsibility in the centre and with a view to avoid this difficulty they did not oppose the Princes and allowed them to come into the Federation on their own terms.

Q:—But would not the nominees of the Princes and their excessive weightage and the necessity of 2/3 majority of both the houses for the removal of the executive and the two chambers of concurrent powers virtually place the legislature and federal executive at the mercy of the Princes,—Yes, certainly. And that is what we have been incessantly urging. But it affects primarily British Indians and yet they choose to accept this evil for fear that the whole scheme may fall through and the labours of these years may be wasted. They believe that once the Princes come into the Federation the repurcussion on the States would be so great that the Princes would be very soon required to resort to election of the States people to the Federal Legislature and many of the evils at present anclpated may disappear in course of time.

NOT POSSIBLE.

Q:—But do you share this hope?—With all deference to the British Indian statesmen I seriously doubt if this hope would be realised. The paramountcy is not to vest in the future Federal Government and it will not be possible to bring any pressure on the States. Secondly, the constitution is not to become operative 'propritio viore' but separate treaties are to be made with the Princes individually and it would be most difficult to bring about changes in the constitution and thirdly, when once the Princes realise that they wield an unbounded influence over the executive and the legislature through their nominees and their weightage they would never consent to surrender their power, influence and prestige in the future.

INJUSTICE TO STATES PEOPLE.

Q:—What about the plenary meeting?—We are glad that Dewan Bahadur Ramchandra Rao circulated a note about the injustice caused to the states' people by not inviting them to the R. T Conference and forging the constitution behind their back. He insisted on the representation of the states' people to the Federal Legislature and on the fundamental rights and federal citizenship being guaranteed to the states' people in the constitution and for a suitable machinery to protect these rights, and on linking up of the state judiciary with the supreme court. The demands of the Indian States People's Conference were thus placed officially before the plenary session and the states' people feel grateful to Dewan Bahadur Ramchandra Rao for the same.

CONFIDENCE IN GANDHIJI.

Q:—What about Mahatmaji's help to your cause?—Mahatmaji has not committed himself to any views yet. He urged the Princes to take their people with them. If any workable constitution is evolved and to which Mahatmaji agrees we are confident that he would insist on the representation of the States' people, on fundamental rights being guaranteed to them in the constitution and on giving jurisdiction to the Supreme Court to protect them. He has reassured us of his undoubted support in this respect. In the absence of the support of any other British Indian political parties, this sympathy with our cause of the sole representative of the Indian National Congress is very encouraging and your appeal to the Working Committee of the Congress has not proved in vain.

A HEARTY WELCOME.

Prof. G. R. Abhyankar, a member of the Indian States People's Delegation which had gone to England, returned on Friday by S.S. "Ranchi".—There were many Rajasthani workers and the members of the Working Committee of the Indian States People's Conference present on the mole to receive him. On the arrival of the steamer, they gave him a hearty welcome to the Professor and the Saurashtra Volunteer Corp gave a salute and after giving an interview to the pressmen, he drove straightly to his residence.

"MAGNA CHARTA OF INDIAN LIBERTY"

Task Of Building Nation Ahead

DELEGATES' VIEWS ON "MAC'S" STATEMENT

Several R. T. C. delegates arrived in Bombay yesterday by s.s. "Ranchi". They were: Begum Shah Nawaz, Sir M. Shafi, Sir M. Ismail (Dewan of Mysore). Sir P. C. Mitter, Dewan Bahadur Krishnamachari. (Dewan of Baroda), Sir Sultan Ahmed, and the Maharajah of Dholpur.

Interviewed Begum Shah Nawaz said:—

The Conference has been more or less a success. If only we could have come to a communal settlement, it would have been a great success.

We are sorry that no communal settlement has been arrived at, but there has been a great measure of agreement on many points, and we hope, now that the British Government have given us another opportunity, the country will make the most of this opportunity and end the deadlock soon.

The Prime Minister's statements is satisfactory. What we have now to do is to sit down and build our nation as we have never built before. I must say that it is very gratifying to note that the National Government are standing by the pledges which the Labour Government gave us last year.

"Magna Charta Indian Liberty"

Sir Mahomed Shafi said:—My sole regret is, that the Hindu-Muslim problem was not settled by mutual agreement in London, and I sincerely hope that the leaders of the two communities will now come to an agreement regarding the few issues which remain unsettled, so that the picture may be completed, and the Indian constitution may be set up at the earliest possible date in an atmosphere of mutual goodwill and co-operation.

The Prime Minister's statement made on behalf of the National Government, and subsequently confirmed by an overwhelming majority in the two Houses of the British Parliament, constitutes to my mind, the Magna Charta of Indian liberty and freedom. . . . Self-Government and equal partnership in the British Commonwealth of Nations are now assured to our Motherland. I do most earnestly trust that my countrymen will now realise that the time has come for constructive work. . . . . .

"Wholly Satisfactory Declaration"

Dewan Bahadur V. T. Krishnamachari said:—I regard the Prime Minister's declaration as wholly satisfactory, and I hope that in the next few months, the minority problem will be settled by common agreement. The Princes are determined as ever to see that the idea of Federation materialises.

Dholpur On Main Differences

The Maharaja of Dholpur said:—The main differences were with regard to the method of election of representatives of the States to the Federal Legislature, about which I put forward a definite scheme, which received due consideration at the R. T. C. and has been incorporated in the report of the Federal Structure Committee.

FUTURE OF ADEN

What Viceroy Told Deputationists.

"NO SUGGESTION TO TRANSFER"

NEW DELHI, December 11.

An authoritative version of the Aden Deputation which recently waited on the Viceroy in New Delhi shows that His Excellency assured it that there was no suggestion to transfer the administration of Aden to the Colonial Office, and that should the suggestion arise in the future all interests would be consulted.

Lord Willingdon further stated that the present proposal to transfer it from the Bombay Government to the Government of India was intended solely to remove the administrative inconveniences which stood in the way of maintaining the high standard of administration of Aden which was a nodal point in the Empire, and it would make no difference to the commercial relations of Aden with Bombay.—A.P.

IMAMSAHEB OF BAVAZIR

Ahmedabad's Tribute

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 10.

At a public meeting, held tonight, Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel presiding, a resolution was passed expressing grief at the demise of Imamsaheb of Bavazir, who was "Vice-President of Mahatma Gandhi's Ashram, a great friend of Mahatma Gandhi, hero of the South-African struggle and leader of the Dharasana campaign."

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel said that the deceased was like a brother to him, and his impartial advice was very useful to him on all occasions. While on his deathbed the deceased had felt great grief that he could not live to participate in the coming struggle for India's independence.—A. P.

THE TRUTH ABOUT "RED SHIRT"

(Continued from page 8.)

There were no water-men, or sweet-meat vendors and the majority of them must have walked several miles. But with a vision of a new day in their hearts they sat there patient, and smiled as they looked up at a coupe of aero-planes that hovered round and round the huge gathering some time so low that one could count the lordly chiefs of the air sitting in them.

If any young Khuda-i-Khitmatgar officer forgot his sense of chivalry and actually gave orders to withold assistance in the reported incident I have not the least doubt that he will be called upon to explain his action. I know that Khan Abdul Gafar Khan and his responsible officers by their own action tried to make the people live up to the ideal.

A couple of months ago when the Khansaheb was touring the district of Kohat the ever-vigilent officialdom detailed a C.I.D. man to follow him presumably to report his speeches. One day just as the Khan Saheb was leaving a village after a meeting, a very exhausted and woe-begone individual appeared. On enquiry it was found that he was the C.I.D. man, who always reached the village after the meeting, and had to walk long distances and often go without food, as the villagers refused to hire him a mount and the shop-keepers to sell him food. Seeing his plight Khansaheb stopped his tonga and called out the villagers asked them to give him food and supply him with a mount.

This is the action of this great and simple man described by the "Daily Express" of London as "an experienced blusterer and an unequalled opportunist."

A word as to the utter lack of understanding of human psychology that the North-West Frontier Province Government is showing. They issue orders declaring the city of Peshawar out of bounds as unsafe for Europeans; they proclaimed a whole district unsafe for Europeans even going along the main thorough-fare, thereby showing their utter distrust of the people most of whom are members of the Khuda-i-Khitmatgars or in entire sympathy with them, whose homes and relatives are residents of the surrounding villages.

After doing that, one fine morning they and their countrymen start out hunting, riding through the fields and lands of these very people or the country adjacent to the prohibitive area, where also reside the same people probably again relatives or friends of the outlawed. I have great admiration and greater hopes of the true Pathan. But I know that he has not reached the ideal yet and though nothing may justify refusal of help in distress to one's bitterest opponents no fair-minded person will allow a slur on the name of the Khuda-i-Khitmatgars on account of this unfortunate incident.—Yours, etc

NARGIS CAPTAIN.

A Counterfeiting Charge

JURY RETURNS VERDICT OF 'NOT GUILTY' SECOND TIME

JUDGE ORDERS TRIAL THIRD TIME

Abdul Karim Suleman Mistry, a Mahomedan, who was tried at the last criminal sessions on the charge of counterfeiting currency notes and was ordered to be re-tried by Mr. Justice Wadia was again placed before Mr. Justice Blackwell and a Special Jury in the current sessions with the same result. After a prolonged hearing of about ten days, the jury on Friday, returned a verdic of 'not guilty' by six to three and Justice Blackwell did not accept the verdict and ordered a retrial.

The accused, therefore, be tried the third time in the next criminal sessions.

Mr. Somji prosecuted for the Crown while the accused was defended by Mr. M. K. Aazad.

(Earlier report on page 14.)

NEPTUNE ASSURANCE COMPANY

The Neptune Assurance Company, started in the middle of 1930 has published its first annual report for the year ending July 1931. It's latest prospectus of the Company, dated 20th September 1931. "cancelling all previous issues", shows that the Company offers both a mutual benefit scheme and also one of industrial insurance, the former being on the dividing principle. Under this principle the total receipts from members available in any month less the amount for expenses and reserves are divided among the nominees of members who happen to die during the month; except that according to the Provident Act, under which the Company is registered not more than Rs. 500 can be paid on any claim, and that the Company guarantees a minimum amount equivalent to 150 per cent of the premia paid by the deceased. The dividing plan itself is very risky and the guarantee mentioned above is hardly consistent with actuarial theory. The risks of such a system, unless very carefully safeguarded against increase with years and have been well pointed out by the Provident Society Vigilance Committee of Ahmedabad.

Yet the Company in question has shown fair progress during its first year partly through economy in management and partly through the lucky accident of only 12 deaths during the year despite the growth of membership from 3,547 in January to 16,024 in July. The Company has also wisely carried nearly Rs. 20,000 to the Reserve Fund as a safeguard against the growing risks of the future. If the policy of rigorous economy and of building up a strong reserve is steadfastly continued, it may be possible for the Company to face many of the risks incidental to the Dividing Principle.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11.

Jute shares ruled quiet and only limited business was reported. In coals a moderate number of dealings were put through at about last levels. Teas were neglected. The miscellaneous section showed no change, except that sugar shares were firmer. (Government securities were quiet. The following were the closing quotations.—

Securities.—3½ per cent. Paper 51/12, 4 per cent. Loan, 1960/70 60/4, 5 per cent. Bonds 1933 96/6, 5 per cent. Loan 1945/55 91/2, 6 per cent.. Bonds 1932 99/8, ditto 1933/36 93/10, 6½ per cent. U. P. Bonds 1921/41 100/4.

Cottons.—Elgin Mills ordy. 55, Kesoram ordy. 3/8, Muir Mills ordy. 225, New Victoria ordy. 1/7.

Coals.—Amalgamated Coalfields 10-2. Bokaro and Ramgur 7/10, Burrakur 11/10, Marine "A" 8/12, Nodiha 3/10, Samla Collieries 1/14.

Jutes.—Adamjee ordy. 9, Albion ordy. 298; Cheviot 238, Clive ordy. 28/14; Delta ordy. 407/8, Howrah ordy. 41/4, Hukumchand ordy. 22/12, Kamarhatty ordy. 427, Kankinarrah ordy. 369, Kinnison ordy. 660, National 22/4, Presidency 5/14, Union ordy. 424/8.

Miscellaneous.—Burma Corporation 6, Rawalpindi Electric 15/4 ex rights, Bengal Iron 2/6, Indian Galvanising 7, Indian Iron and Steel 4/5, B. I. Corporation 0/12/0 Port Shipping 7/12, Carew & Co. 11/12, Cawnpore Sugar 22/8, Champaran Sugar 20/14, New Savan Sugar 11/12, Samastipore sugar 12.—A. P.

CITY NOTES

THE BOMBAY MARKETS

(BY OUR FINANCIAL CRITIC.)

The markets have all been nervous in Bombay. There is a feeling of distrust of things as they are and operators are wondering whether they ought not to change their mentality and turn into bears. The silver market is the only one that has been distinctly bullish. The international situation has been reflected in the steadiness of the London cross-rate, which has rallied from 325 to over 330, having touched 332 occasionally. The French people are seemingly realising that it is folly to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs and the rationalisation programme of the United States with its huge deficit of over 4,400 million dollars adds striking testimony to the world-wide effort to return to rational thought and wholesome co-operation. The Reparations question is thus coming nearer settlement, because even France would rather bleed Germany white than kill her—a step which the rest of the world will not allow.

THE GOLD MARKET.

Over nine lakhs of tolas have arrived this week, more than four lakhs in one day, and at the present price of gold, it is worth nearly three crores of rupees. Upcountry sales are believed to be substantial even now, but the margin of pront to the dealers here has dwindled from the comfortable Re. 1-8 or Rs. 2 of the earlier days to barely one anna per tola. The week's shipment should be more than 2 crores worth of gold but, if the cross-rate should steady up, we shall have the reverse of the conditions during the last few weeks, dwindling exports and a falling market in Bombay. If this comes about, there should be a heavy weight on the market in the form of these unsold stocks. Some indications of this possibility are seen in the forward rates being quoted at a slight premium over ready which hithertofore commanded a better price.

EXCHANGE MARKET.

The exchange rate which rose by 1|32nd in the early part of the week, has moved up another 1|32d. to-day and it is understood that there were some offerings at even a better price. Most of the exchange banks have had to carry over-bought positions, for liquidations have not been easy, ready buyers being scarce.

MONEY MARKET.

The call money market reflects the heavy demand made by the gold movement. Much of the available call money is obtained from the Indian banks but they have themselves found profitable investment in the domestic market by lending to buyers of gold upcountry awaiting the liquidation of the shipping documents to the exchange banks. The rate has therefore, moved from 5 per cent. last week to 7 per cent. to-day and little money is available even then. Most of this new money however, has found its way to the moffussil and the local market is no better for the sale of the gold.

The exchange banks would usually, in such circumstances, bring out some funds from England, but they are unable to do so now. In the first place, they have severe restrictions on over-drawing in London. Secondly, borrowing there at 6 per cent. and paying the difference of about 1|8 penny between ready and forward for three months would cost them 8-1|2 per cent. with brokerage to pay, whereas it is cheaper to borrow from the Imperial Bank at its published 8 per cent. It would not be surprising, therefore, if the Imperial Bank, has had a call on its loanable resources from these banks.

COTTON AND SHARES, ETC.

"Japan is off the gold standard" is the rumour that has upset the cotton and share markets to-day. The basic report was that the Japanese Cabinet has resigned, but the market went one further and linked the resignation with the gold standard question. If Japan went off gold, argued the market, she would not buy cotton in India because it is dearer and cotton prices must go down; but she would sell heavily in competition with our mills because she would no longer be suffering from the higher prices at which she has to sell her goods to us. This would mean that our mills would be faced with a loss of the prosperity, which they were counting upon, and that, in his turn, must move the shares down. It will be remembered that the Hamaguchi Cabinet went into office on the question of retrenchment and a free gold standard and it is reported that prices in Japan have already gone up in anticipation.

Government securities have had another decline. The 3-1|2 per cents have declined from Rs. 52-12 to Rs. 51-12, and even the near maturity 4 per cent. 1931-36 has lost four annas to Rs. 84-4. Much of it may be due to the sales forced on holders as they are often unable to raise money on them otherwise.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.

The customs revenue for November has risen to 388 lakhs as against 373 lakhs last month and 360 lakhs in November 1930. This is still far behind the average of 4.25 of the years when we had a balanced budget. During the last eight months the revenue from this source has amounted only to 2,908 lakhs against 3,091 lakhs last year and about 3,400 lakhs in 1928. The increases were noticeable in silk and artificial silk, piecegoods and raw jute exports. But sugar, silver, cotton piecegoods and jute manufactures have all shown decreases.

WHAT A PITY!

Moneybags: I understand that money goes much further now than it did five years ago.

Hardup: But, it never returns.

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Share Market

INCREASED BUYING AT THE DECLINE

Bombay, Dec. 11.

The share market opened 2 hours later owing to the meeting of the numbers of Stock Exchange. Persistent rumours about Japan going off Gold Standard had a depressing effect and in view of rapid decline in the value of raw cotton the share market opened lower. However the opening declined attracted more buyers and prices registered good improvement. It is reported that there some truth behind the rumours about Japanese exchange as the Yen has declined to-day here and Yarn prices have advanced in Osaka. This change must have something behind it but so far there is no confirmation about the cause of the change. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 623/ and after advancing Rs. 9/ closed firm at Rs. 631/4. Fazal, Pearl and Nagpur shares rlued very steady. Century shares ruled rather easy on long liquidation. Bombay Burma shares were virtually unchanged but Tata Steel shares ruled quiet.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Dec. 11.

Bombay Dyeing 623; 20; 31; 30; 28; 31-14 a
Century 200; 6; 5
Colaba 66
Crescent 46
Fazul 302; 6; 5; 6
Indore 313
Madhowji 10
Nagpur 260; 62
New Great 121
Pearl 163; 68
Simplex 45
Swadeshi 216; 8
Burma 308; 12; 11; 13
Hydro 112; 13; 12
Tram 103-2
Diff. 305
Ord. 24-8; 14; 25
Bundi 13-6
Indian 155
Katni Ord. 144
Alcock 83

MILLS.

Bombay, Dec. 11.

100 Ahm. Advance	252/8
50 Apollo	1-4-0
10 Bom. Cotton P.	2-8
500 Bom. Cotton	80
250 Bombay Dyeing	631/14
250 Bradbury P.	127-8
250 Bradbury	135
100 Century	205
500 Central India P.	408/12
100 Central India	262/8
100 Colaba	65/4
100 Coorla	115
100 Crescent	47/8
250 Carrim	46-4
250 David	80
250 Dawn	480
200 Ed. Sassoon	25
1 E. D. Sassoon D.	0/3/9
100 Elphinstone P	20-12
100 Elphinstone	3/8
250 Fazulbhoy	306/4
100 Finlay	70
1000 Framji Petit	150
100 Gokak	36/4
1000 Hindustan	1220
100 Indore-Malwa	313/12
50 Jamshed	4
50 Kastoorchand	8-8
100 Khatau	85
100 Kohinoor	105/10
250 Laxmi	663/12
100 Madhowji	10-4
250 Madras United	200
1000 Maneckji Petit	700-0
100 Meyer Sassoon	20
1000 Morarji	305
50 Mysore	100
200 New Great P.	110
200 New Great	121/14
100 New City	44-6
250 Pabani	92-8
250 Pearl	168/12
100 Phoenix	250
10 Premier	1-4
100 Shapurji	5
1000 Sholapur	1450
250 Simplex	45
100 Swan	57-8
100 Swadeshi	208/12
25 Tata P.	15
25 Tata	13
500 Vishnu P.	505
500 Vishnu	1030
1000 Western	680

BANKS

100-50 Baroda	63
50-25 Central	13/11
£10-5 Eastern	58
500 Imperial	870
500-125 Imperial Cont.	213/12
100-50 India	76
5 Union	3/1

CEMENT.

10 Bundi	13/6
70 Gwalior	57/4
250 Indian	155/10
100 Katni 1st P	100
100 Katni 2nd P.	104-4
40 Katni Def	535
100 Katni	144/6
10 Punjab P	9
10 Punjab	7/9
100 Shahabad	172/8

INSURANCE.

10 Jupiter P.	7-3
15 Jupiter	9-4
15 New India	14/14
200 Oriental	1345
10 Vulcan	4-10

ELECTRIC

100 Ahmedabad	110
1000 Andhra Val. P.	933/12
1000 Andhra Val.	662/8
50 Bom. Tram P.	62
50 Bombay Tram.	103/2
100 Tata Hydro P.	100
100 Tata Hydro	112/13
1000 Tata Power P.	1015
1000 Tata Power	421/4

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahm. Pramij	667/8
100 Amritsar Patti	37
100 Central Province	70
100 Dho. Barraman	74-8
100 Guzrat	39
100 Mandra Bhon.	50-12
500 Tapti Valley	533/2

MINING.

10 Central India	0/4
10 Shivrajpur	13/10
150 Tata Steel 1 P.	108/12
100 Tata Steel 2 P.	46/4
30 Tata Steel D.	305
75 Tata Steel	25

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock	83/12
250 Bom. Steam P.	191/4
250 Bom. Steam	165
50 Bombay Telephone	41/8
8s. Brit. B. Petrol	2/9/6
125 Bom. Burma Old	313/2
50 Bom. Burma New	116/14
100 Ind Bleaching	130
15 Scindia	6/0/0
3½ per cent Government Paper	51/15/0
5 p.c. 1945/55 Tax Free	90/15

INDIAN LEADERS' COMPETITION

ELIMINATING CONTEST

(OF THE COMBINED COMPETITION WHICH HAS APPEARED IN "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE," "THE INDIAN DAILY MAIL" AND "THE BOMBAY SAMACHAR")

OWING to the unprecedented success of the majority of Competitors in arriving at the correct Solution of the above Competition, the Competition Manager has decided to hold an Eliminating Contest, to enable those who have submitted correct solutions to win a really substantial prize.

THIS CONTEST IS ONLY OPEN TO THOSE WHO HAVE SUBMITTED CORRECT SOLUTIONS IN THE INDIAN LEADERS' COMPETITION.

RULES GOVERNING THIS CONTEST.

1. Competitors are asked to fill in, in what they consider the correct order of POPULARITY, the name of each Leader, in the Coupon given for this purpose.

ONLY THE NAMES OF THE TWELVE LEADERS WHICH WERE USED IN THE COMPETITION ARE TO BE UTILIZED.

2. A competent authority has arranged these twelve names in an order, which, from his vast experience in Indian affairs, he assumes is in their correct order of popularity with the public of India. Any competitor whose entry corresponds to the one deposited in our office or the one nearest to it, will be adjudged the winner and will receive the

FIRST PRIZE OF RS. 300.

The next two Competitors having the least number of errors will receive the 2nd and 3rd prizes respectively.

3. In case of ties, the Competition Manager reserves the right to distribute the prizes at his discretion.

4. Any number of entries may be submitted so long as a separate Coupon is enclosed for each entry.

5. All competitors enter this contest on the distinct understanding that the Competition Manager's decision is legal and binding in all matters connected with this contest, and no correspondence will be entered into.

6. All entries must be addressed to the "Competition Manager", Indian Leaders Eliminating Contest, P.O. Box No. 706, Bombay.

7. No responsibility will be accepted for non-receipt of entries.

8. All entries must reach this Office by 12 noon on the **19th December 1931.** The result of this contest will be announced on the **23rd December, 1931.**

9. Employees of this and kindred papers are debarred from entering this and all other Competitions appearing in papers under our control.

10. Corrected or mutilated entries will be disqualified.

11. To those Competitors who have submitted correct entries for the Indian Leaders Competition and who DO NOT wish to enter for the Eliminating Contest, the Competition Manager will pay on application the declared DIVIDEND OF EIGHT ANNAS and to which each Competitor is entitled who has submitted a correct entry.

12. This dividend must be claimed before the 20th December, 1931 and after which date no application will be considered.

13. No Competitor withdrawing a dividend is permitted to enter for the Eliminating Contest.

14. If it is found that a Competitor has submitted a false declaration, his name will be removed from the Contest and no dividend will be paid, if such is claimed.

THIS ELIMINATING CONTEST IS FREE TO THOSE WHO HAVE SUBMITTED CORRECT SOLUTIONS AS SHOWN BELOW AND NO FURTHER ENTRANCE FEE IS REQUIRED.

NOTE:—Competitors are requested when they make their choice regarding the order of merit in which they will place the various leaders that special consideration should be given to their relative services, their sacrifices, their idealisms and their abilities in the cause of their country.

BELOW WE GIVE THE CORRECT SOLUTION OF THE INDIAN LEADERS COMPETITION.

No. 1.	fits with	No. 20.	No. 13.	fits with	No. 22.
No. 3.	" "	No. 24.	No. 15.	" "	No. 8.
No. 5.	" "	No. 14.	No. 17.	" "	No. 12.
No. 7.	" "	No. 6.	No. 19.	" "	No. 2.
No. 9.	" "	No. 4.	No. 21.	" "	No. 10.
No. 11.	" "	No. 18.	No. 23.	" "	No. 16.

FOR EASY REFERENCE WE REPEAT THE NAMES OF THE TWELVE LEADERS.

Pt. Malaviya, Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Gandhi, Mr. Shaukat Ali, Pt. Motilal Nehru, Tej Bahadur Sapru, Dr. Ansari, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Sen Gupta, Mr. Subash Bose, Vallabhbhai Patel, Chimanlal Setalvad.

INDIAN LEADERS' COMPETITION

ELIMINATING CONTEST.

I consider the correct order as to popularity of the 12 leaders to be as under.

1.	7. .....
2.	8. .....
3.	9. .....
4.	10. .....
5.	11. .....
6.	12. .....

DECLARATION

(To be made by each Competitor)

I solemnly affirm that my entry to the Indian Leaders Competition was correct, and I have made no claim for the declared dividend.

Name .....

Address .....

Bombay Produce

Bombay, Dec. 11.

Wheat May	4	9	0
Linseed May	6	8	0
Castorseed	6	10	6
Cotton Seed	3	15	0
Groundnuts	66	8	0
Teelseed	6	8	0
Rapeseed	8	4	0
Mawraseed	5	12	0
Myrabolams	21	0	0
Poppyseed	8	12	0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, Dec. 11.

	Sup. Fine	F.	G. Good.
M. G. Bengal U. P.	190 186	182	178
M. G. Panjab	188 184	180	176
M. G. Oomra No. 3	209 205	201	...
M. G. Oomra No. 1	221 217	213	...
M. G. Oomra No. 2	215 211	207	...

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Dec. 11.

F. P. Bales.	1931-3	2	1930-31
Receipts to date 10-12-31	5500000		6352000
Receipts Yesterday 10-12-31	39000		19000
Exports to date 10-12-31	3221000		3497000
Stock at Ports 4-12-31	4771000		4164000
Stock Interior Towns 4-12-31	2208000		1793000
Stock Liverpool 4-12-31	789000		883000
Visible Supply 4-12-31	9212000		8156000
Quantity in Sight 4-12-31	8652000		9025000
Quantity out of Sight 4-12-31	4637000		4627000

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Dec. 10.

Interest Day to Day Loans 3-3/4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 4-3/4 per cent.

Bank Bills, 3 months 5-7/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months 6-3/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 5-3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 6-7/8 per cent.

Clearance Sale
5 WATCHES For 5 RUPEES

INCLUDING POSTAGE.
One Railway Regulator Watch.
Two Dummy Pocket Watches.
Two Dummy Wrist Watches.
To clear our large stock of watches, we have decided to sell them in lots of "5 Watches for Rs. 5" only. In durability our watches are a class in themselves. The clearance sale will continue only for a Limited Period and thereafter the watches will be sold at their usual prices. Order for less than a lot of five watches will not be entertained.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.
ORDER TO-DAY:
The Manager.
THE GERMAN WATCH CO.,
Post Box No. 56. Lahore.

REJUVENATION
Frol
—tells how to ensure the Health, Strength and Happiness of youth, and tells you of the Marvellous Remedy for it!
VITA RESEARCH LAB.
Calcutta.

Faultlessly lovely skin—that should be the treasured possession of every woman. Why envy it in others? Try GOLCONDA soap—the soap that gives you pore-deep cleanliness and notice how naturally lovely your skin becomes.

You'll be enchanted with its true floral fragrance too. It lasts longer and costs less. Do try it.

Ask for GOLCONDA and get it.

MADE BY:
HYDERABAD GOVT. SOAP FACTORY.

GOLCONDA TOILET SOAP

Sole Agents:—KOHINOOR AGENCIES, Samuel St., BOMBAY.

Available everywhere and also at ABDULALI LOOKMANJI, Gunbow Street, Fort; VITHALDAS NARANDAS, Juma Masjid; and HARDINGE & CO., Charni Road, Junction.

SECOND GLORIOUS WEEK

The Sea of People at the box office proves the popularity of this Talkie—

Featuring.
JAL MERCHANT
Miss ZUBEIDA
Miss ZILLOO
Mr. YAKUB
Mr. SANGATHA.

SAGAR MOVIETONE
ALL-TALKING, SINGING DANCING PICTURE

Directed by:
Mr. PROFULLA GHOSH

Veer-Abhimanyu

. . . Bombay has enthusiastically answered to the call of ABHIMANYU.
TIME :—Daily 5-15, 8, and 10-30. Saturday, Sunday and Holidays
MATINEE SHOW AT 3 P. M.
CLASSIC MUSIC—CLASSIC DANCING—POWERFUL DIALOGUES and MARVELLOUS DIRECTORIAL TOUCHES ALL COMBINED IN THIS PICTURE—

MAJESTIC CINEMA GIRGAM

THE EXCELSIOR

To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
All they want is each other—and The King of Crime forbids it.
GARY COOPER and SYLVIA SIDNEY.
IN
"CITY STREETS"
A man and a woman who fight for love—with their lives menaced every moment.

THE EMPIRE

To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
The Nautical Musical Melange
IN
WHY SAILORS LEAVE HOME?"
featuring
LESLIE FULLER
The adventures of a sailor who blunders into a Harem.

THE EMPRESS

To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IRRESISTIBLE AS EVER
MAURICE CHEVALIER
JEANETTE MACDONALD
IN
'THE LOVE PARADE"
The Roguish Love-Story of a Queen.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, Dec. 10.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25
C and F Calcutta—
December per cwt. 9/6.
Jan/Mar. per cwt. 9/7-1/2.
C and F Bombay.—
Jan/Mar. per cwt. 9/8.
C and F Karachi.—
Jan/Mar. per cwt. 9/8.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 7.

The New Method of Administering Castor Oil To Children And Elderly People.

Castor Oil is far from pleasant yet it is useful laxative for Children, Women and Men. Castophene is the only laxative made with Castor Oil into chocolate form which replaces Castor Oil and other Cathartics and Powders, and is the most favourite laxative for Children. Castophene acts gently like nature and does not cause gripe or pain as other cathartics. Being delicious in taste children readily take Castophene and ask for more. Its use is purely as a laxative and not act as a drastic purgative. Chemists and Druggists sell it everywhere at Re. 1 per bottle of 25 chocolates. If any difficulty in obtaining, please write to Castophene Manufacturing Co., (India), P.O. 88, Karachi, and P.O. 4013 Bombay.

Bombay Stockists:—PARAGON PRODUCTS, Co., Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

Get a New Life

Thousands of hopeless patients have got new life by using the following long-tried specifics of the CHIEF HUKMA OF KASHMIR State. Complete cure guaranteed or full amount refunded.

VICTORY (Regd.) shall make you perfect man in 2 hours good tonic. No opium. Quite safe. PRICE Rs. 2 (two) per doz.

TERYAQ ATSHAQ Matchless remedy for any kind of Syphills. Absolutely without mercury. No trouble complete cure in one week. Price Rs. 3 (three.)

SAJAN MOHANI (Regd.) A few grains of it shall change your old wife into quite young one in 10 minutes. Quite safe but most certain. PRICE Rs. 2 (two) per TOLA.

AKSHIR—Shall cure ure thra troubles in a few days without fail. Guaranteed not to contain Morphia Sandal Oil etc., etc. PRICE Rs. 3 (three only).

"DILPASAND" (Birth Control). Its 3 doses use will stop pregnancy for 1 year. Quite safe to use. Price Rs. 3 for 12 doses. Sample 3 doses Re. one only.

Dr. T. N. SHARMA. Kaviraj, Darulsechat (Regd.) GUJARAT (Punjab.)

YOUR LUCK IN YOUR HAND

Only Astrology predicted the date of death of Queen Victoria and King Edward VII and the terrible destiny of late Czar of Russia and many other predictions through Astrology. Send us a post card with the exact time of your writing together with your name and address. And you will be furnished with an accurate account of your forthcoming 12 months, showing among other things your age. Marriage, issues, profits and loss in business, promotion, reduction, love, happiness and bodily ailment for Re. 1/- only. Life reading Rs. 3/- only.

Directions will also be sent for unlucky affairs.

N. B.—A reward of Rs. Five hundred will be given to any one challenging our statement.

THE AMERICAN CHAMBER OF ASTROLOGY, P. B. No. 9, LAHORE.

FREE TREATMENT FOR

LEPROSY

UNDER SPECIAL DIET

All kinds of Sores treated free without Operation.

DON'T SPEND MONEY IN VAIN FIRST TRY, THEN BUY.

50,000 Free

Sample packets for LEUCODERMA.

It has now been arranged to distribute about 50,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write it at once per V. P. P. for As. 8 to meet the cost of its tranmission to:—

J. RAM. C/o PANDIT KRIPARAM, 8, Nandibagan Lane, P.O. Salkhia District, HOWRAH.

BENGAL'S TREMENDOUS SACRIFICES.

What Pt. Jawaharlal Said At Calcutta.

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 7.

Certain amount of misunderstanding appears to have been caused by the speech which Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru delivered at a students' meeting in Calcutta recently. In order to clarify it Mr. Nehru has issued a statement in the course of which he says:—

"Certain words of mine uttered at a students' meeting in Calcutta recently appear to have given pain to friends in Bengal. I regret very greatly that anything that I have said should have caused this pain. I do not know how I was reported, but I gather that I was supposed to have drawn comparisons unfavourable to Bengal, regarding the civil disobedience campaign last year. If such was the effect of my words, I can only say that they were ill chosen and that they grievously misrepresented my feelings. When every province did its best and rose bravely to the occasion it would be churlish for any one to make comparisons. In the case of Bengal, with her splendid record of sacrifice last year, it would be foolish and utterly wrong to endeavour to depreciate the gallant fight which her sons and daughters put up. I may be foolish but I am not so ignorant of the great deeds that were performed in Bengal last year as to make a statement which was patently incorrect. In particular it would have been the height of ingratitude for me to run down the brave young men and women of Bengal wohse guest I was on the occasion, and who had repeatedly honoured me with their affection and confidence.

'In the course of my address to the students I had laid stress on the tremendous sacrifices of Bengal. I had pointed out, however, that the effect of these sacrifices would have been even greater if mutual distrust and dissension had been absent. For many years I have been intimately connected with the Congress organisation and perhaps because of this I have always laid stress on the organisational side of our work. I ventured to point out to the students I was addressing that mutual frictionr esulted in weakening the organisation and I appealed to them to strengthen the Congress organisation so that they could produce even greatet results than they had done in the past from the fine material they had.

In the same connection Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has supplied to the press the figures of convictions of Congress volunteers during the civil disobedience campaig in which Bengal tops the list. The information supplied to the All-India Congress Committee office by the different provincial Congress committees gave the following figures of convictions in connection with the last campaign:—

Ajmer	150
Andhra	2878
Assam	1459
Behar	14251
Bengal	15000
Berar	1750
Bombay city	4700
C.P. Hindustani	2255
C.P. Marathi	907
Delhi	4500
Gujarat	3549
Karnatak	1900
Kerala	450
Maharashtra	4000
The Punjab	12000
Sind	724
Tamil Nadu	2991
U.P.	12651
Utkal	1009
Total	87124

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru states: "This list does not include the N.W.F. Province as no complete statistics have been received about it. A communication received from the Frontier P. C. C. in November, 1930 gave the figure of convictions as 2,328. This figure must have gone up considerably by the time of the Delhi truce and we may put it at 4,000 at least. Thus the total number of convictions for the whole country comes up to 91,124. Burma is not included.

'An attempt has been made to collect correct statistics but in the very nature of things it is not possible for us to be accurate. Some of the figures are official figucs and these invariably err no the moderate side as large numbers of our workers and volunteers were convicted under sections of the I. P. C. or Cr. P. C. which were not supposed to apply to civil disobedience. It was also difficult for the local Congress committees to keep exact records or to trace every conviction, especially in the rural areas. We may therefore safely presume that most of the figures given above are under-estimates. The total figures of convictions must have reached or exceeded one hundred thousand.

'From the information available it has been estimated that 12,000 Muslims went to prison as civil resisters.—"Leader."

LECTURES ON SANITATION

(From A Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Dec. 9.

It is only seven months since the Keralites organised themselves into a Samaj. The Samaj came into being in the month of June 1931. It has on its register nearly a thousand members. The Samaj has since its inception been doing a good work in the domain of social. educational, and other matters by organising series of lectures or otherwise. Only recently by the efforts of some enthusiastic members of the Samaj a series of lectures on Sanitation and other subjects whose importance in these days be under-rated were organised under the auspices of the Samaj.

Mr. C. K. R. Panikker who is a member on the Committee of the Samaj delivered on behalf of the Bombay Sanitary Association lectures on Sanitation on the last three consecutive Fridays. On first Friday he addressed a large congregation of Malabar Muslims at Muslim Jemeth Hall in Umarkhady on "Malaria" illustrated with cinema film. On second and third Friday he gave open air addresses on "Why Die of Cholera" and "Fly Danger" (illustrated with cinema films) in the chowk of Dr. Rajabally Visram Patel's Building at Umarkhady.

On these occasions Mr. M. Karuvan, B.A., the President of the Samaj, presided. Mr. Panikker's lectures were full of information and were much appreciated by the people. Mr. Karuvan and the lecturer were profusely garlanded amidst cheers by Mr. E. K. A. Elchi. Mr. A. R. Abdulla Seth took keen interest in making arrangements for the lectures.

No Death Ceremony Dinner.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

BROACH. Dec. 7.

Mr. Gulammohmad Haji Banubhai, a well-known Muslim contractor died on Tuesday last. The "ziyarat" ceremony of the deceased was held on Friday. The father and the brother of the deceased took the bold step by announcing the fact that they had no mind to squander away money in dinners but they were willing to give a sum of Rs. 251 to the Chunarwada mosque and other charities. This intention of the relatives of the deceased was declared to the public by Mr. Pirsahibmiyan Chawkwala. The Muslim public was highly pleased with this move. I hope this step will be followed by others, because local Muslims are in great need of such progressive reforms.

CONGRESS EXHIBITION.

In connection with the 46th sessions of the Indian National Congress to be held at Puri (B. N. Railway) during the month of February, 1932, an All-India Exhibition of all classes of Swadeshi goods, is being organised.

The Exhibition Committee is making every endeavour to help the exhibitors in all possible manner. Manufacturers of Swadeshi goods are invited to take part in it. Demonstration of processes of manufacture are specially invited and facilities for the same will be provided. For details write to N. Kaungo, Secretary. Exhibition Committee, 46th Indian National Congress, P. O. Chandnichauk, Cuttack.

GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY, AJMER.

Twenty Years' Steady Progress.

Due to the political unrest and trade depression last year, the General Assurance Society of Ajmer, was also affected adversely in its business like others. This position is reflected in the report of the Society mainly in a comparative fall in new business. During the year nuder report i.e., for the year ending December 31, 1930, 3351 proposals were received of which 2436 resulted into policies for the aggregate sum assured of Rs. 39,05,000.

Considered quinquennially, the annual income of the society shows a steady increase the end of each quinquennium showing a little more than double the income of the previous one. The annual income is over Rs. 12 lakhs, and the assets exceed Rs. 36 lakhs. The Directors declared a dividend of 10 p.c. to the Society's shareholders.

Invaluable in convalescence...

This valuable food-drink supplies maximum nourishment with minimum digestive effort

Very many people, when recovering from illness, keep a bottle of Horlick's tablets handy. They are the same Horlick's, only in tablet form, to be eaten like sweets. Two or three of them readily satisfy the occasional moments of hunger experienced by the convalescent.

WHEN illness has taken its course and one is slowly returning to normal health, nourishing food is essential. But at this critical time it must be very carefully chosen—for upon it depends the patient's speedy recovery. It must contain the maximum nourishment without putting any strain on the digestive organs.

During convalescence Horlick's has proved itself invaluable. For over fifty years doctors all over the world have recommended it as the ideal food-drink.

Made from fresh cow's milk and the nutritive extracts of the choicest malted barley and wheat, Horlick's is a balanced food supplying just those health-giving elements your run-down body needs. It renews wasted cells, brings about a quick return of fitness and strength and helps to create reserves of energy. And Horlick's, being partially pre-digested during manufacture, can be easily absorbed and assimilated. Its delicious flavour makes an instant appeal to even the most fastidious.

HORLICK'S *The Original Malted Milk*

AVAILABLE EVERYWHERE

REJUVENATION AN ACCOMPLISHED FACT!

NO NEED TO AGE, TO BE A SAGE, AT EIGHTY, BE THIRTY.

ANAND-VILAS (Regd.) is the most potent, miraculous and yet harmless tonic ever discovered for general debility. It works like a charm in infusing new life and activity into the run-down systems of the weak and the aged. As a formidable weapon to vanquish diseases, and as a reliable agent to ensure perfect health and conjugal happiness, it is matchless to-day. It tones up and vitalises the whole system, restores lost manhood, refreshes the memory, brightens personality, electrifies the system, reinvigorates the deadened nerves, develops muscles, enriches blood, aids digestion, prevents premature decay and always maintains a high standard of health. Above all its effects are speedy, mild and permanent, and it confers on its users immunity from various ailments.

Words cannot adequately describe its manifold virtues. One can rightly estimate its worth only by its use. During my huge practice of 25 years, handling most complicated cases, not merely among the gentry, but also among Ruling Chiefs, practising doctors, professional classes and Government Officers, both European and Indian, I have proved its worth on thousands of helpless victims whose health was shattered by continued addiction to unfortunate habits, over-indulgence or wet dreams, fret and worry, over-exertion, excessive brain work, frequent attacks of cold, violent changes of weather and exhausting diseases.

Numerous Physicians are daily prescribing it to their patients, convinced as they are of the capacity of Anand-Vilas to increase the power of resistance and to enable the vital force to over-power disease virus. It is thus an Elixir of Life indeed, for those who have lost their vitality, vigor and memory, and are prone to various diseases. Medical people all over India are earnestly requested to give a trial to this panacea for the benefit of their patients. Although it is worth its weight in gold, it is priced sufficiently low to enable all classes of people to take advantage of its marvellous health-bestowing powers. Price only Rs. 6/- for a bottle for 40 days' use. Sole Agents:—Messrs. ANGRA BROS., 1st Floor, Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty, Bombay, & Maharajwara, Indore. Stockists:—Premier Medical Store, Chandni Chowk, Delhi; Siri Ram Khanna, General Merchant, Chowk, Allahabad; Jagannathdas Balbhadardas, Chok, Benares.

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WHITE HALL BACKS S. A. KHAN.

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FOURTH INDIAN COUNCILLOR

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Dec. 9.

From speculations in connection with the successors of Sir James Crerar and Sir George Rainy when they retire early in summer, it seems probable that there will be four Indian members of the Viceroy's Executive Council, instead of three as at present. It is generally believed that Sir Joseph Bhore will be induced to take up the Portfolio of Commerce so that, for the first time, the Commerce Member will be an Indian, though belonging to the Indian Civil Service.

POSSIBLE CHANGES IN TREASURY BENCH.

Sir George Rainy will thus be the last Commerce Member hailing from Britain. If Sir Joseph Bhore becomes Commerce Member, then there is a likelihood of Sir Fazlihussain being transferred from Education Department to hold the charge of the Department of Industries and Labour. Sir B. L. Mitter will, of course, continue to be Law Member and the Portfolio of Education will have to go to one who under the Government of India Act has been in the service of the Crown for at least ten years. There are very few non-Officials who have been in the service of the Crown for ten years, and, therefore, it is not unlikely that the fourth Indian Executive councillor will be recruited from the Provincial Secretariats.

In this connection the name of Mr. Kunwar Jagdish Prasad, who was till recently the Chief Secretary of the United Provinces is being mentioned.

DOCTORS FOR PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

There is no news even to-day as to the successor of Mr Syed Raza Ali on the Public Service Commission and the post is still vacant. There are only two names which are being suggested. One is Doctor Hyder, who was a member of the Labour Commission and the other is Doctor Shafaat Ahmad Khan, the Round Tabler, both hailing from the United Provinces. I understand that no member of the Assembly is likely to get this job. Both the Doctors Hyder and Shafaat Ahmad Khan have at present equal chances, the former being backed by Delhi and the latter being back by White Hall. But the delay in selection appears to lie, partly in the fact that it has not yet been decided as to whether Doctor Shafaat Ahmad Khan is to be appointed member of the Public Service Commission or as a member of the Franchise Committee to be set up shortly in pursuance of the Premier's Declaration.

BURMESE R. T. C. DELEGATES

Introduced To Their Majesties

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Burmese delegates to the Round Table Conference including Miss May Oung were received by the King and Queen at the Buckingham Palace to-day their soft and colourful robes contrasting charmingly crimson and gold decorations in the Reception Room. Lord and Lady Peel introduced the delegates to Their Majesties who shook hands and chatted with everyone.

Sir Samuel Hoare was also present.—Reuter.

ACCIDENTS IN KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

Interpellation In Mysore Council

BANGALORE, Dec. 10.

The December session of the Mysore Legislative Council commenced to-day with a heavy agenda.

Replying to interpellations regarding mining accidents in the Kolar Gold fields Mr. S. P. Rajagopalachari Second Member of Council said that during 1930-31 there were 113 deaths due to rock-bursts and other accidents while between July and October this year the fatalities numbered 30.

Total compensation paid to dependents of the workmen killed was nearly a lakh.—A. P.

5-MILE RUN RACE.

All-India Record Broken.

(From Our Correspondent).

BANGALORE, Dec. 5.

The Dewan of Mysore and a huge crowd witnessed the final of the Mysore Olympic Competitions, which were staged on Saturday evening at the City Y.M.C.A. ground.

In the 5-mile run A Baron of the Y.M.C.A. broke the All-India record of 27 minutes 32-2/5 seeds. by covering the distance in 26 minutes 42 seeds. In eight other events, the Mysore records of last year were broken. The Mallawaram Government High School carried away the Championship Trophy.

"BASELESS ALLEGATIONS"

East & West Corporation Resignations

MANAGING GOVERNOR'S WARNING TO DIRECTORS

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 10.

Syed A. H. Zaidi, Managing Governor, East and West Corporation Limited, sends to press the following copy of reply dated 8th December to Mr. Harishchander, Advocate on behalf of Nawab Abul Hassan Khan, Honorary Magistrate, Khan Saheb S. M. Abdulla, Vice-President, Municipal Committee, and Haji Rashid Ahmad who made serious allegations against the corporation published yesterday.

The letter says: (1) "That the resignation of your clients, Nawab Abul Hassan Khan, Honorary Magistrate, Khan Saheb S. M. Abdulla, Vice-President, Municipal Committee and Haji Rashid Ahmad from the Board of Directors have already been accepted on receipt of a letter dated 29th November 1931 from Nawab Abul Hassan Khan who has written on behalf of the other two gentlemen, (2) that all other allegations contained in your letter are totally baseless and false. The Corporation have full proof with them to show that all your allegations are baseless, (3) Please note that any action prejudicial to the interests of the Corporation which your clients Messrs. Abul Hassan Khan, S. M. Abdulla and Haji Rashid Ahmad may take will make them liable for damages in the court of law."

ALL-INDIA MUSLIM LEAGUE

Bombay Minister's "No" To Sir M. Yakub

BOMBAY, Dec. 10.

The Hon. Moulvi Rafiuddin Ahmad, Minister of Education, Bombay, who has been offered the presidentship of the annual session of the All-India Muslim League at Delhi on December 26, has sent the following reply to Sir Muhammad Yakub, Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, Delhi:—

"I greatly appreciate the honour you have done me in inviting me to preside at the annual session. Since, however, the Muslim League already knows it can rely on my fullest support to its views and programme, I feel it better to leave the privilege of presiding to some one not subject to restrictions which my position as Minister necessarily imposes. I am sure it will be understood that I decline only in the best interests of full and free expression of the views of the Muslim League at this important juncture."—A.P.

BAN ON BANGALORE LABOUR LEADER

Revision Petition Admitted In Mysore) High Court.

BANGALORE, Dec. 10.

Justice Ramachandrarao in the Mysore High Court admitted today the revision petition filed by Rama Sarma City Labour Leader against the Government order under Section 144 prohibiting him from entering certain areas in the city for six months.—A. P.

CONVICTION UNDER ARMS ACT.

Position Of Member Of Hindu Joint Family.

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 10.

The question whether the accused, who was only one of the members of a joint Hindu family, could be convicted under the Arms Act for possession of an unlicensed gun was discussed in a reference to the Allahabad High Court by the Sessions Judge of Fatehpur. The joint family consisted of a father and three sons and the accused was one of the sons who lived in the house but was not a managing member. The accused was fined Rs. 50.

Mr. Justice Bennett, upholding the conviction, observed that the find of an unlicensed gun in a house would raise a presumption against all adult male members and they might one and all be tried on that charge. In the present case, the police selected the accused Sikdar for prosecution for the apparent reason that they had information that Sikdar was taking part in a dacoity.—A P.

HUNGARIAN PLOT.

GEN. SCHILL'S ALLEGED COMPLICITY.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Budapest.—The name of General Schill has been added to those of forty people under arrest for being implicated in the recent Hungarian plot believed to have been aimed at the establishment of Fascist dictatorship in Hungary which, however. Hungarian authorities described as "fantastic plan of few desperadoes."—Reuter.

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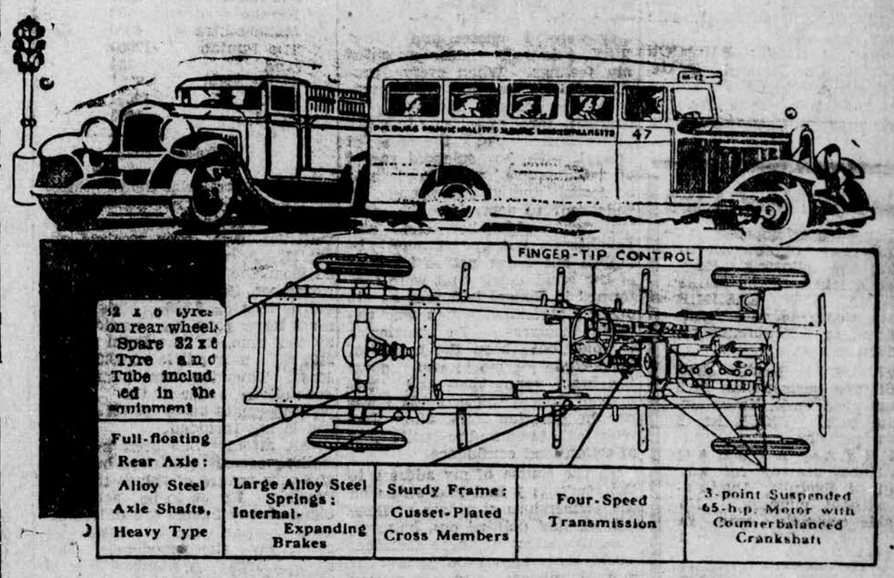
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ONE KILLED AND SOME INJURED

Motor Lorry Accident In Benares

BENARES, Dec. 10.

One person was killed and some injured as the result of an accident to a motor lorry on the Deokia-Musakhand Road in Benares State.

It is reported that the lorry rolled into a canal on one side of the road while the driver was attempting to save it from falling into a pit on the other side. One person fell in front of the lorry, was run over and killed on the spot. One person was seriously injured, and removed to hospital.

Others escaped with minor injuries.—A. P.

DOMINION STATUS FOR INDIA.

CONCURRENCE OF OTHER DOMINION NECESSARY?

LONDON, Dec. 10.

The question whether concurrence of Dominions would be sought before Dominion Status was granted to India was raised in the House of Commons by Sir Stewart Sandeman.

Mr. MacDonald in reply pointed out that he had indicated on December 2 that if and when any other British possession came under the Statute of Westminster, it would be precisely same machinery and same methods as Dominions already under it.—Reuter.

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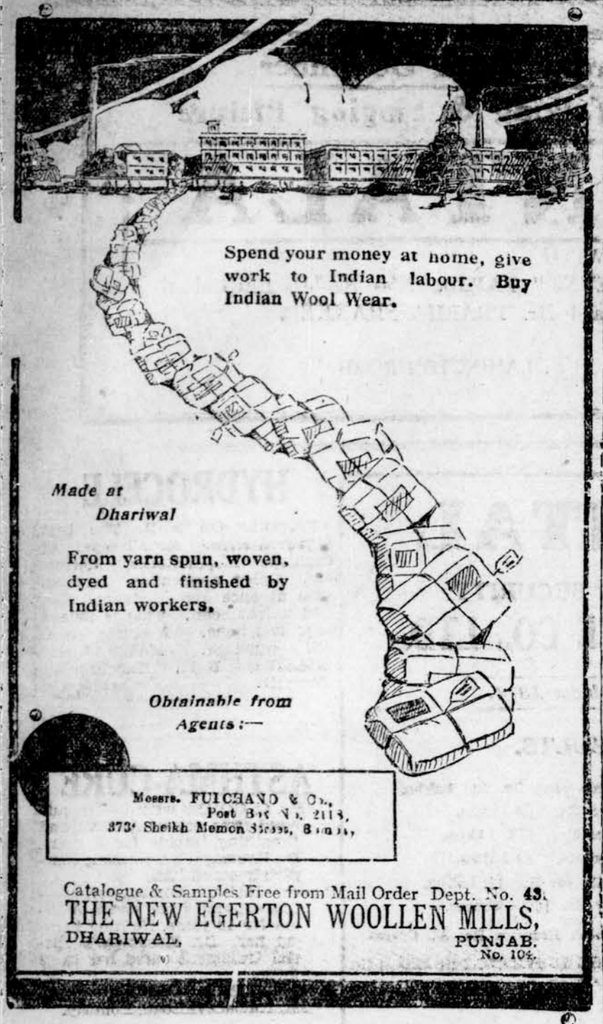

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What the People Say

"A CHRISTIAN'S INTEREST IN YOGA."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to your esteemed paper issued on 7th inst. (Page 8, Column 3) I shall be glad to help "A Christian" Gentleman, in his attempt if he is really anxious to know something practical in connection with Yoga without any difficulty or any sort of expenses provided he may see me personally by appointing time and place. My postal address is as follows:—Yours, etc.,

L.P. SHAD,
Vile-Parle.

GRIEVANCES OF PILGRIMS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—While agreeing with your correspondent "A Muslim" with regard to the hardships suffered by the Haj pilgrims every year, I have to point out a fact which seems to have escaped the notice of your above correspondent.

Last month, it was published in the local Press that the Central Government after a careful study of the report of the Haj Inquiry Committee, had exempted majority of its commendations but had rejected only six recommendations so far. Evidently, this announcement was made to allay Muslims' anxiety and seems to have been inspired from the Olympian heights of Simla.

Along with others, the Muslim public have also progressed proportionately and now can understand the exact value of such half hearted actions of the Government. Indeed, it is one thing to "accept" recommendations, but quite another thing to carry out these recommendations. Has the Inquiry Committee made the recommendations merely for the pleasure of acceptance by Government and not for the purpose of being carried out? And pray, which are the six recommendations that have been rejected by Government? Will the Government throw light and explain their reasons for rejecting them? —Yours, etc.,

S. IBRAHIM.

THE PERSIAN NAVY.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Commenting upon the steps taken by His Imperial Majesty Reza Shah to create a navy for Persia, the Basrah correspondent of the "Times of India" makes a bold statement in its issue of the 23rd instant, namely:

"The Persians have never been notable as a sea-raring race..."

Allow me humbly to correct him. The Persians have been renowned navigators and under the Sasanians (225 to 630) they shared the dominion of the seas with other nations. I would refer only to two authorities: "A History of Persian Navigation" a most learned and pains-taking work by Prof. Hadi Hasan and the previous illuminating essays by the French scholar Ferrand. The latter has not only established the perfection attained by the Persians in the art of navigation but has shown how a number of nautical terms of Persian origin have become naturalised in languages like Arabic. About this time last last year Prof. Suleiman Nadvi of Azamgarh delivered lectures in Bombay on the Arabic language where he also pointed to the Persian origin of a number of terms in other languages relating to seafaring life. Bushire and Reshire are the sea-ports founded by the great King Ardeshir Babakan, as Sir Arnold Wilson indicates, and are corruptions of Bokht Ardashir and Ram Ardashir. I am not detracting from the Royal endeavours of Reza Shah but giving them their due value when I assert that this mighty Prince of pure Persian descent having ascended the after removing the Rajars has only given new birth to the art of navigation which was dormant among his subjects for centuries.

Yours, etc.,

ARDESHIR EDALJI BENGALI.

YOGA.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter of "Christian" in your paper of the 7th inst. seeking information whether there is any one in Bombay who can guide him in Yoga, I may inform him that Shrimat Kuvalayananda, the Director of the Yoga Ashram, Kaivalyadhama, Lonavala, is such a person. The Ashram is about to organise a working centre in Bombay in very near future.

As regards the previous portion of his letter referring to Major Yeates Brown's contribution published in "Sunday Chronicle" of the 16th Nov. last, I may refer him to the quarterly journal "Yoga Mimansa" published from the Kaivalyadhama for the last about five years, wherein he will find, not only the information about the three Asanas (and 'not' Mudras as is incorrectly stated by Major Yeates Brown) such as "Sarvangasana", "Sirsana" and "Padmasana", but many other poses, Mudras Bandhas etc., with X-Ray experiments and their results. He will also find very exact technique and instructions laid down for students after conclusive tests in laboratory in regard to each pose, Mudra and Bandha, that is studied through its pages.

As regards Serpant Power or Kundalini referred to by Major Brown it is advisable to seek instructions from a reliable guide. The reader may however find useful information on the subject from:

1. The Mysterious Kundalini by Dr. V. G. Rele,
2. The Serpant Power by Sir John Woodroff,
3. Raja Yoga by Swami Vivekananda.

All these books may be had from Messrs. Taraporewalla, Book-sellers, Bombay. There is room for difference of opinion as regards the correctness of the statements made by the various authors mentioned above; however, they do provide an amount of very useful information, which a student can not otherwise easily get.—Yours etc.,

B. D. TRIVEDI.

A PROFESSOR'S PAY.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Considerable controversy has arisen regarding the low pay proposed for the post of a professor of Pathology, recently advertised by Government.

It is hardly fair to look upon the cost of one's education as an investment solely for increasing the earning power. The liberal education besides helping a person to earn enables him to lead a better and fuller life and enhances the moral value of living. I quite agree, however, that the pay of any post must be such as to enable the holder to lead a comfortable life.

For a Professor of Pathology in a place like Bombay Rs. 350 per mensem is decidedly low pay. But one can hardly defend the huge salaries ranging from Rs. 850 Rs. 2,000 p. m. paid to many professors and other public servants. Due to imitation of European scales the higher posts in all branches of administration be it noted both private and State—are costing a lot more than the average income of an unskilled man in this country can afford. This requires close scrutiny.

I know that my own professor in London University, a brilliant man, with University Gold Medals and double Masters Degrees and high academic qualification drew in London—a place far costlier than Bombay—a salary of £800 a year when he was 52.

Besides, one has to remember that a professor works hardly seven months a year while his unfortunate compatriots engaged in commercial, professional pursuits have to work harder, very often 12 months a year.

In our country there is a wide gulf between skilled and unskilled labour. While a working man hardly earns ten annas a day a number of commercial managers professors, magistrates, advocates or doctors easily earn from Rs. 30 to Rs. 50 a day. In interests of national solidarity social peace and safety of all, the sooner this gulf is bridged the better it will be. Otherwise social injustice breeds the seeds of dissatisfaction and ultimately revolution.

In any part of the world, it requires really able man to earn Rs. 700 a month. An income between Rs. 400 and Rs. 900 a month should satisfy any well trained and foreign qualified man in India. The sooner we get rid of the mentality of copying false standards of living set up by the old "Nabobs" of the East India Company, the better for our country. It is time our political leaders paid serious attention to this form of retrenchment.—Yours, etc.,

A.N. DIKSHIT,
B.A., B.Sc. (London).

December 6.
P.W.D. Mehsana.

How Nature Makes New Complexions.

It is well known that the human skin is constantly undergoing a tearing down and building up process. With advancing years or waning vitality this tissue-change lags; the lifeless, soiled surface skin stays on so long that its owner gets a "poor complexion."

Common sense tells us this dead skin cannot be enlivened or beautified by any cosmetic, lotion or powder. The natural thing to do is to actually remove the offensive skin—remove the bad complexion. It has been found that ordinary Mercolized Wax completely absorbs the devitalized skin, in minute particles, so gently, gradually as to cause no inconvenience. Mercolized Wax, which any chemist can supply, is put on at night like cold cream, and washed off in the morning. If you would have a brilliantly beautiful and youthful complexion, just use this simple treatment.

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STEEL EQUIPMENT Co.
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BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaik Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta, Ahmedabad and Surat.

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	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	92,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 26th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.

A. G. GREY,
Manager.

EMPEROR GEORGE v's HOROSCOPE MAKER.

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If not benefitted, MONEY REFUNDED.
We send a letter of Guarantee.
The Wearer of this Kavacha will acquire the unique power of bringing any man or woman under his absolute control and will thus be able to accomplish, through the agency of such man or woman, anything and everything he likes. Price Rs. 8-12.
Dhanada Kavacha Rs. 8-8-0
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THE CALCUTTA ASTROLOGICAL SYNDICATE,
31/1, Gray Street, (B.C.) Calcutta.

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Have your present, past and future wonderfully revealed by Prof. S. N. Bose, B.A., the famous occultist. His calculations are based upon Yoga-Sadhana (Meditation) taught by the famous Vedantist Yogi Swami Premanandajee, his grand-father. Prof. Bose's wonderful Yogic powers have been very remarkably recorded in the columns of more than some thirty leading and influential journals of India and Burma (Liberty, Amrita Bazar Patrika, Advance, Basumati, Times of Assam, Hindu Herald, The Rangoon Mail and 24 others) Numerous eminent persons have certified his wonderful Yogic predictions. Charges for answering 5 questions Re. 1, annual life reading monthly details Rs. 2, weekly details Rs. 5. Extensive Whole Life Reading Rs. 10. (Birth date or approximate age and time of writing required). Address—Prof. S. N. BOSE, B. A., Swami Premananda Ashram, (Established 1916) Box No. 11418 Beadon Street, P. O., CALCUTTA.

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The Combined Treatment.
Price Rs. 2-15-0.
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100,000 AND MORE CLIENTS have had our wonderful foretelling Mr. E. Subramania Iyer, M.A., ML., Trivandrum writes: "The reading has given me complete satisfaction and considerable help." Annual reading Re. 1, 5 years Rs. 2-8. State birth particulars or time of writing. KALINGA ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU, Vizianagaram City.

R6377

SIXTH WEEK! LAST WEEK!
MADAN THEATRES' RARE INDIAN-TALKIE
WITH
MISS KAJJAN
HARISCHANDRA
WITH ORIENTAL DANCES. Daily Shows: 6 & 10 P.M. Extra on Saturday & Sunday at 3 P.M.

Commencing Next Saturday, 19th December
Saroj Movietone's First Talking & Singing Picture
SHAKUNTALA
WITH
Mr. ASHRAFKHAN (of "MALAVPATI-MUNJ" FAME). Miss NAJJU BEGUM of PUNJAB; Miss ZEBUNISSA and Mr. PRABHA SHANKER.

WEST END TALKIES LAMINGTON ROAD

SAFE MILK

SAFE in all seasons, no matter how hot the weather SAFE wherever you get it, because it never varies. SAFE because it has all its vitamins but is free from harmful germs. SAFE because it is sealed securely from dust and dirt and danger. Use only MILKMAID MILK for every household purpose.

MILKMAID
PREPARED IN SWITZERLAND
MILK

What's fashions for Men? Why not?

The few bits of jewellery allowed to men are, a watch-chain, a pair of cuff-links, studs, and a few others. It was demanded that at least these should be well designed and correctly styled. Who else could satisfy this demand, but the craftsmen from the fashion centres of Paris?

Centuries have elapsed, and today "EXCELSIOR" Rolled Gold Jewellery still retains that golden perfection of workmanship which makes French made Rolled Gold Jewellery so dependable and lasting.

Sold Everywhere

10 Years' Guarantee

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FIRE, LIFE, MARINE, ACCIDENT
For all classes of INSURANCE PROTECTION refer to
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Applications for Agencies invited from unrepresented areas.
Managing Agents: LALJI NARANJI & Co.,

"ACCEPTANCE OF LARGE-SCALE INJUSTICE IS PRICE WE PAY FOR COMFORTS."

(Continued from page 6).

into barbarism. The aspirations and disabilities are common to all classes and communities. If we suffer from insufficient nourishment, lack of due care for health, lack of work and rest under healthy conditions, they are not the monopoly of any class of community. Let it not be said when the history of the freedom movement in India comes to be written that any section, Hindu or Muslim, Sikh or Christian, betrayed the cause of the country for the sake of its own selfish gain.

NEED FOR REVOLT.

We hear on all sides about the revolt of youth. I am afraid I have a good deal of sympathy with this attitude of revolt, and my complaint is that it is not sufficiently widespread. The general tendency to regard our ancient civilization as idealistic and the modern one as materialistic is not the expression of revolt but of reaction. It is a specious rationalization in defence of our conservatism. There is nothing idealistic about disease or poverty, nothing spiritual in a system that uses human being as beasts of burden. There is nothing materialistic about the application of science to the relief of human distress or the promotion of human happiness. The future seems to be with the youth who revolt against a corrupt social order and religious fanaticism. Those who are indifferent when the situation is so grave are guilty of cruelty. Injustice thrives on the indifference of the people. The bad employer, the unjust law, the corrupt leader, the false teacher thrive, because they have never been challenged. The unjust prevail because those who have a sense of justice suffer from inertia. If you have the imagination to visualize the amount of suffering, physical and mental, which a half-clothed and half-starved people stand for, you cannot be indifferent.

The spirit of revolt against the wrongs of society is not to be confused with indiscipline or intolerance. It is quite consistent with the deep inward courtesy and a consideration for the feelings of others. We need not surrender fundamental good manners which are essential in every form of civilized society.

LET TIME ANSWER.

When you step out of the University and enter life, you are tempted to say what you are expected to say and not what you really think. It will be your task to discriminate between wise and dangerous leadership between a competent, constructive, courageous one which looks to the future and a wasteful, destructive one which clings to the past. The older generation will soon pass away and you will step into the breach. You will have unique opportunities of showing your worth in this period of national stress. You will be called upon to fight the strongholds of ignorance and selfishness by hard thinking and bold effort. You cannot hope to drift on a tide of patriotic emotions into a ready made Utopia. You will have to prepare for a new order by hard work and hard thinking. You will not fail the country at a time when it stands in need of your service and guidance, if you remember the ideals which your University has put before you and stand up for courage and justice, truthfulness, and fairplay. Time will show whether you are anxious for ease and comfort or truth and suffering, whether the University has developed in your qualities of courage, determination, and self-denial or made you into snobs much too respectable, much too self-satisfied, much too ease loving and afraid to do anything. Will you help India to break her bonds or will you bind them faster? Will you make out in your lives that it is a libel against you to say that a life of service and suffering has less attraction for you than one of career and comfort? Time will answer.

Buddhism And Buddhi Dharma.

Madam Sophia Wadia will deliver a public lecture on "Buddhism and Bodhi Dharma", under the auspices of the Buddha Society, on Sunday, 13th instant at 9-15 a.m. in the hall of the Anand Vihar, Lamington Road, Powell's Compound, near Central Station.

STORY OF FORGED CURRENCY NOTES.

Case Before High Court.

Abdul Karim Suleman Mistry, a Mahomedan, who was acquitted by a majority of the jury by 8 against 1 on the charge of counterfeiting currency notes in the last criminal sessions, was again tried in the current sessions by Mr. Justice Blackwell and a special jury.

According to the prosecution, Mohmed Hussein Shaikh, now a Custom Officer at Dhandhuka in Gujarat became acquainted with the accused four years ago when he was in Bombay. In 1928, when Sheikh was at Dhandhuka, he received a surprise visit from the accused, who it was alleged told him that his friend Abdul Satar had a large stock of counterfeit currency notes, which were to be disposed of. The accused suggested that Sheikh should smuggle some of these counterfeit notes into Government treasury and give him genuine notes, instead. Sheikh feigned to assist the accused and ultimately got him arrested, according to pre-arranged plans with the C. I. D.

The accused in his statement implicated Sheikh, and said though the instruments and materials were seized in his house, the possession was of Sheikh, physically and legally.

His Lordship then summed up the case which was not over till the rising of the Court on Thursday.

Mr. Somji conducted the prosecution, while the accused was defended by Mr. M. K. Azad.

MILLS UNDER CONGRESS BAN.

The Secretary of the Foreign Cloth Boycott and Swadeshi Committee of the B. P. C. C. writes:

In response to numerous enquiries, the Foreign Cloth Boycott and Swadeshi Committee of the B. P. C. C. has got printed from the Directory of Textile Mills in India published by the All-India Spinners' Association a separate list of the Mills under Congress Ban.

The Committee proposes to distribute such lists amongst all the cloth shops in the city and customers when making their purchases are requested to call for the List from the shopkeepers and to see that they do not buy the products of any of the Boycotted Mills.

Lists could also be had from the Committee's Office at the Congress House free of charge on application.

Dealers and shopkeepers who do not receive the lists will please call at the Congress House and get them.

Women Prisoners, Sent To Pandhurpur Widows Home.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Government of Bombay have recently sent two female convicts to our Pandhurpur Widows' Home. They were widows who were sentenced to transportation for life having killed their newborn babies. On the recommendation of the presiding judges, Government reduced their sentences to two years. Instead of being confined in prison, Government of Bombay since 1924 allow such female convicts to be transferred to the Pandhurpur Home where every facility is given to them for uplift by education and training and for being re-settled in life by re-marriage.

This is one of the social works of the Pandhurpur Orphanage and Foundling Home. The Home is in urgent need of monetary help to meet a debt of Rs. 15,000. Those who appreciate this social work are requested to help the Home liberally.—Yours, etc.,

G. B. TRIVEDI.
Hon. Secretary.
Prarthana Samaj.
Girgaum, Bombay.

ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY
LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Incorporated in India 1874.

1930 RESULTS.

New Business: 26,481 Policies assuring Rs. 544 Lakhs.
Net Interest Income: Rs. 52 Lakhs.
Total Premium Income: Rs. 179 Lakhs.
Claims Paid: 3281 for Rs. 81 Lakhs.
Loans to Policyholders: 8013 for Rs. 32 Lakhs.
Funds Increased to nearly Rs. 10½ Crores.
Policies in Force: 1,78,322 assuring with Bonuses Rs. 38 Crores.

ALL THE OPERATIONS INVOLVED IN THE ABOVE CONDUCTED at the LOW EXPENSE RATIO OF 22.4 % OF THE PREMIUM INCOME.

The MAGNITUDE of this GREAT INDIAN COMPANY'S OPERATIONS CAN BE JUDGED BY THESE FIGURES, AS CAN ALSO ITS

ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT.

ON ITS PAST RECORD AND ITS FUTURE PROSPECTS ALIKE
THE ORIENTAL CLAIMS
THE INCREASING SUPPORT OF ALL PATRIOTIC INDIANS WHO DESIRE TO SEE AN INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY numbered among the GREAT INSURANCE INSTITUTIONS of the WORLD.

Applications for further information should be addressed to:—
The Manager, Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
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Agra	Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Mombasa	Rangoon
Ahmedabad	Colombo	Lahore	Nagpur	Rawalpindi
Ajmer	Dacca	Lucknow	Patna	Sukkur
Allahabad	Delhi	Madras	Poona	Trichinopoly
Bangalore	Jalgaon	Mandalay	Raipur	Trivandrum
Bhopal	Karachi	Mangalore	Ranchi	Vizagapatam

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IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA
BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 11,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,42,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs. 5,62,50,000

BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED ON TERMS WHICH MAY BE ASCERTAINED ON APPLICATION AT ANY OFFICE.
BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.
BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.
Local Branches:—Byculla, Sandvi and Sandhurst Road.

HYDROCELE
Provakar Oil Rs. 2. The best approved remedy for all types of Orchitis, Elephantiasis, Hernia, etc. Only application removes pain at once and redness, size, and weight soon. This is indeed your last hope. A single trial will convince. KAVIRAJ R. SHASTRI, B.A., Kanchrapara (Bengal).

ASTHMA-CURE
1. Mr. C. GOMES writes:—He suffered from severe Asthma and Breathing trouble for 7 years. Dr. Kusumgar's treatment completely cured him.
2. Mrs. NAYAK, Bombay writes:—She suffered from severe Asthma for 12 years. Nothing helped her. Dr. Kusumgar's special treatment cured her in 3 weeks.
DR. KUSUMGAR M.D., (Homeo.) 221, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

The Union Bank Of India, Ltd.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum on daily balances or 4 per cent. per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.

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SAJAN & Co. FORT-BOMBAY

'A God-Sent Gift To The Fair Sex
DR. J. D. KULKARNI'S
DASH-MOOL CORDIAL
FOR MOTHER, WIFE, SISTER, DAUGHTER.
A valuable uterine and general tonic and restorative. For the last thirty years this preparation has proved to be most efficacious in all obstinate, fatal and disgusting diseases of women such as Leucorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Amenorrhoea, threatened abortion, habitual miscarriage, etc.
Send for Literature, etc., to:
Dr. J. D. Kulkarni.
Thakurdwar Rd., Bombay 2.
Tele. Add: "OMKARODAYA"

A. B. DIAS & CO.
Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY No. 1.
The "Challenge Suit"
We beg to announce to our Customers that we have just received a large consignment of Superior Dress Suitings, Cashmere, China Silk, Palm Beach, Indian Silk, Indian-Suitings, Tussore, and various shades. Inspection invited.

	Rs.
The Challenge Semi Suit	90/-
Indian Royal Palm Beach Suit	18/-
Indian Royal Office Suit C.T.	18/-
Indian Royal Office Trouser	4/8

New York Cotton.

TRADE BUYING.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.

The New York Cotton futures market was quiet but firm in absence of selling influenced by trade buing and better spot demand. Prices opened at a rise of 2 points but scattered selling resulted in a decline of 3 points from the opening level. At the decline there was increased trade demand which in conjunction with better spot demand resulted in a gradual rise of prices. The range was 9 points and the market closed at a net rise of 6 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points to 6.05 c.

The New Orleans Cotton Futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 8 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices improved 7 points to 5.99 c.

The attention of the market is focussed on the result of the forthcoming International conference which is to deal with the world's economic problems. The question of stable currencies is a political one and requires wholehearted co-operation of each country. The present state of finance is mainly due to absence of required co-operation which was the chief factor in successful maintenance of Gold Standard. The question of War Debts and reparations as well as disarmament will receive first attention. Every country is tired of the present difficulties as it is an ill wind which blows over the world's economic conditions and does no good to any one. Of course some of the countries who are fortunate enough in securing large amounts of gold will not be too eager to adjust the equilibrium, but the weight of dead gold in the long run will endangar the industrial life the country resulting in a further crisis.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. January Highest 5.97 (2.48 p. m.)
Lowest 5.88 (10.16 a m.)

New York:—Quite and steady. Japanese, Continent, Shorts, Commission Houses and trade buying. Liverpool, South, New Orleans, Wall Street and local selling. Scalpers market. No new features of importance. Cotton goods market firm at the decline. Yarn market continues quiet.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:—

New York Cables:—Better tone in the Securities markets: constructive curtailment in the prints cloth; unattractiveness on the short side.

New York market was steady on continued trade buying.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 10.

December	6.90	+.05
January	5.95	+.06
March	6.15	+.08
May	6.33	+.07
July	6.50	+.08
October	6.75	+.06
Middling Spot	6.05	+.05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Dec. 10.

December	5.95	+.08
January	5.99	+.07
Middling Spot	5.99	+.08

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 10.

(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

New York: 10-55 a.m.—

January	5.90
March	6.09
May	6.20

New York Noon Call.—

January	5.89
March	6.07
May	6.20

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Dec. 10.

	Bales.
Day's Receipt's at all U.S. Ports	39,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	14,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	35,000

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

	This Week.
Total Bullion	£121,500,000
Public Deposits	£ 10,700,000
Other Deposits	£113,700,000
Government Securities	£ 60,600,000
Other Securities	£ 44,000,000
Notes and Coin	£ 37,700,000
Notes in Circulation	£358,800,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	30.28 per cent.

LONDON METALS.

London, Dec. 3.

Copper, Braziers, £53.
Yellow Metal £42.
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands £13-1/4.
Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge, £9-1-8.
Tin, English Ingots £139-1-8.
NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.
Demand Bills 330.25.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

IMPROVEMENT IN STERLING.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 10.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 1 to 2 points but continued improvement in sterling caused further losses with setback in Bombay and also lowering of values. During the last hour profit taking on local straddle selling assisted the decline. The market was noticeably small with less offtake and poor tone. The market closed easy at a decline of 7 to 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 1 point to 5.29d.

East Indian cotton futures were quiet and closed at a decline of 6 points. Eagyptian cotton futures ruled steady on favourable cables from Alexandria and closed unchanged to a rise of 1 point.

The Alexandria cotton market was steady with increased demand and closed at a rise of 31 to 16 points.

The market shows quiet tone in view of the steadiness shown by Sterling Exchange. It seems that the immediate need to make payments of large imports encouraged by prospects of tariff has been satisfied. The future course of sterling cross rate depends upon fresh developments and although there are no Government measures to stabise the sterlings the general feeling is in favour of moderate improvement. This belief has withdrawn bull support and the market is keeping quiet with reduced business.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—New York Cables talk of short time American mills but goods slightly steadier.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:—

Liverpool market opened better in sympathy with the advance in Alexandria market, but eased later due to a rise in the Exchange.

Southern spot markets are resisting the decline. Exports are increasing.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 10.
10-10 a.m.
quotations closing

December, 1931		4.88—.08
January, 1932	4.94	4.88—.07
February, 1932		4.85—.06
March, 1932	4.92	4.86—.08
April, 1932		4.86—.08
May, 1932	4.93	4.87—.07
June, 1932		4.88—.07
July, 1932,	4.94	4.89—.07
August, 1932		4.90—.07
September, 1932		4.91—.08
October, 1932		4.93—.08
November, 1932		4.94—.07
December, 1932		4.96—.08
Middling Spot		5.29—.01

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 10.

Sakelaridis.—	
January	7.05
March	7.24
May	7.40
July	7.54
October	7.30
November	7.80
December	7.30
F. G. F. Spot	7.35

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 10.

Broach, Fully Good (Good Staple)	4.93
Broach, Fine (Good Staple)	5.05
Broach, Superfine (Good Staple)	5.17
Oomra, Good	4.35
Oomra, Fully Good	4.75
Oomra, Fine	4.90
Bengal, Good	4.50
Bengal, Fully Good	4.60
Bengal, Fine	4.70
Scinde, Fully Good	4.66
Scinde, Fine	4.70
Scinde, Superfine	4.80

LINSEED.

London, Dec. 10.

Linseed, Calcutta, (London) ton.—Dec.Jan. sellers £11-5.
Linseed, La Plata, c.i.f. (Hull) ton.—Dec. sellers £9-3-9.
Linseed, Bombay, (London) ton.—Dec.Jan. sellers £11-15.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Dec. 10.

Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt.—Jan Apl. paid & sellers 15/-.
Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt.—May Aug. paid & sellers 16/7-1/2.

PURCHASES OF AMERICAN COTTON.

Bombay, Dec. 11.

Purchases of American Cotton from the beginning of the season to August 1932 now total 52,278 bales out of which by the 10th inst. 23,906 bales have already arrived here. American Cotton at sea for India is estimated at 23,372 Bales.

In spite of import duty on raw cotton large quantities are bought by our mills owing to dear purity of our cotton. It is likely that owing to shortage of our cotton crop, our mills will still buy cheaper American cotton.

Bombay Cotton.

COLLAPSE IN PRICES

Bombay, Dec. 11.

The local cotton market was weak with heavy selling. Extensive selling by export houses was in evidence which completely depressed prices. The structure of abnormal situation collapsed as anticipated. Various rumours at work. The market opened at Rs. 198/8 for Broach A/M. delivery and improved annas four on scattered buying. At this level there was heavy selling by export houses, one Japanese firm sold about 10,000 bales in a declining market and price gave way to Rs. 192. At this level there was some covering which resulted in a rally to Rs. 193 but renew selling again depressed prices to Rs. 190/8. Shorts were attracted to cover a portion of their floating short interest which hardened prices to Rs. 192/12 There was renewed selling and prices again declined to Rs. 191-12.

The undue rise recorded by the market during the last few days by heavy short covering in Oomra and Bengal and extensive buying by option dealers. But the present decline has corrected the overbought situation and although prices may decline further, we favour purchases on any further decline.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 3 points but it opened quiet at a rise of 1 point.

On making enquiries in reliable quarter, it is reported that there is some truth in the rumours about important change in exchange on Japan. To-day very little business is done and 100 yens are quoted at 197.

Later on news about resignation Japanese Government induced heavy selling and prices declined to Rs. 188/8. Towards the close there was some short covering and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A./M. Highest 199/ and Lowest 188/8.

Broach A/M.	191
Oomra D/J	184/12
Oomra March	176/8
Bengal D/J.	163/8
Bengal March	161

SENSATIONAL RISE IN SAMPIN.

Osaka, Dec. 11.

December	102.50+11.40
March	103.50+7.50
June	109.40+9.90

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Dec. 11.

52 G. G. Kesha & Co. Nimbahera 188
36 P. R. Vakharia Wun New 216
114 Do. Dehgaon 193
58 Do. Wadhia 192
26 Shapurji Bharoocha Mandusar 170½
25 Do. Degaon 181
67 Do. Banusa 170
40 Do. Shirpur 170
51 Do. Veraval 170
70 Finlay Mill Punjab American 212½

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 11.

	New	Old
Bengal Superfine	189	185
Bengal Fine	184	181
Bengal F.G.	179	176
Sindh-Punjab Fine	184	181
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	179	176
Wardha-Hingt Fine	214	202
Nagpur Savner Fine	216	204
Yeotmal Fine	204	198
Arvi Fine	205	199
Amraoti Fine	203	196
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	203	196
Mulkapur Fine	201	191
Khandesh Fine	201	189
Muthia F.G.	191	475
Nanded/Purna F.G.G.S.		198
Jalna/Sailu F.G.G.S.		187
Parbhani F.G.G.S.		193
Burwah Sanavad Fine		195
Ujjain/Shujaulpur Fine		185
Broach Fine		195
Broach F.G.		185
Cambodia		270
Miraj/Sangli		220
Compta Good		230
Jinja		290
Busoga		295

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Dec. 11.
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	697	9,411
Central India	592	20,366
Barsi and Nagar	847	9,004
Hyderabad-Gaorani	205	1,875
Berar	431	36,667
Central Provinces	321	12,205
Total Oomras	3,093	89,528
Dhollera	148	18,898
N.-W. Provinces	200	8,505
Rajputana	462	8,039
Sind-Punjab	1,247	18,851
Broach		7,251
Coompta & Dharwar		7,532
Westerns-Northerns		6,260
Coccanada		3
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	72	360
Persian		425
American		13,541
Egyptian & African	461	28,802
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		55
Total	6,693	206,051

MONEY MARKET

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec. 11.

B. C. RATE—
T. T. 1/6 1/32
D. D. 1/6 1/16
LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1/6 3/32 Dec. 15 Jan.
Banks Selling D D 1/6 5/32
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/16 15th Feb.
Banks Buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks Buying D D 1/6 7/32
Banks Buying 3 mos 1/6 1/2 Dec.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 15/32 Jan.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/16 Feb.
NEW YORK B.C. RATE—
T. T. 407
Banks Selling T T 406
Banks Buying T T 396
PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 620
Banks Buying D D 650
AMSTERDAM—
Banks Selling D D 51 3/8
JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 102 Nominal.
Banks Buying 60 Days 192
HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 100 3/8
SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 132
SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 156
JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 61 5/8
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 3.31 16th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/11 5/8 11th inst.
Japan/London 3/0 3/4 10th inst.
London/Paris 84.00 10th inst.
London/Belgium 24.00 10th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.00 10th inst.
London/Italy 64.10 10th inst.
London/Berlin 13.95 10th inst.
London/Holland 8.15 10th inst
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm.
Gold £6-6-6 9th instant; £6-5-3 10th inst.
Silver London Ready 19 3/4 9th inst. 20 3/16 10th inst.
Silver London Forward 19 15/16 9th inst. 20 3/8 10th inst.
Silver New York Ready 29 3/8 9th inst. 29 7/8 10th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 5 7/8 per cent 9th inst. 5 7/8 per cent 10th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 6 3/16 per cent 9th inst. 6 3/16 per cent 10th inst.
Imperial Bank rate 8 per cent.
Bank of England rate 6 per cent.
Money:—Call 5½ per cent.
3 mos 6 per cent.
6 mos 5½ per cent.
Tone:—Tight.

Tone of London Silver. Quiet. Continent small buyer. Small offerings.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 11.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 51/14
4 per cent. Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 84/4
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 82/14
4 per cent. Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 60/10
4½ per cent. bonds due 1934 Rs. 91/6
4½ per cent. Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 67/14
5 per cent. War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 81
5 per cent. Loan due 1935 Rs. 91
5 per cent. Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 81
6 Per cent. Bonds due 1933-36 Rs. 98/8
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 86/8
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945/55 Rs. 90/12
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 99/4
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 100/4
6½ per cent. Treasury Bonds due 1935 Rs. 99/12
4 per cent. Bombay Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 58
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 Rs. 57
4 per cent. Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 56/8
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 72
6 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 91
6 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1950/60 Rs. 91
Tone of Market:—Easy.

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Dec. 11.
1st Sept. to 3rd Dec.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	418	55,490
Japan & China	2,300	201,731
Coast Ports		16,435
Up-country by Rail		41,219
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		10,277
Total	2,718	325,152

THE TATA OIL MILLS' QUOTATIONS.

Ex-Godown, Bombay.
Bombay, Dec. 11

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs 492/ per ton.
Filtered Til Seed Oil Ready Rs. 18/8 per case of 34 lb.
Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 120/ per ton.

USE WHITE HORSE SOAP

Indian Manufacture

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SUFFICIENT FOR 20 CLOTHES.

SOLE AGENTS :

The Research Products Co.,

Alice Bldgs., Phone No. 23736. Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

Gold And Silver.

Bombay, Dec. 11.

Both Gold and Silver ring were steady during the early part of the day with increased business but later on prices declined owing to improvement in Sterling Cross rate to 3.32. The resignation of Tokyo Government had a depressing effect on Silver. The tone of the market is uncertain and important developments are likely to follow as the financial situation in Japan has become serious.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Mint Gold Ready	30	1	0
Mint Gold 1st Settlement	30	1	0
Mint Gold 2nd	30	1	0
Silver Ready	63	10	0
Silver 1st Settlement	63	12	0

LONDON GOLD.

London, Dec. 10.

Bar Gold Fine per oz. £6-5-3.

London, Dec. 10.

LONDON SILVER.

Silver.—The continent small buyer. Small offerings.
Market is quiet.
Spot 20-3/16.
Forward 20-3/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES.

London, Dec. 10.

Chartered Bank of India and China £11-1/2.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Registered) £102.
P and O Banking Corporation £6 x.
Funding Loan 4 per cent £81.
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent £70-1/4.
Indian Loan 5-1/2 per cent £99-3/4.
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent £59.
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £41-1/2.
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent Sterling Loan £48-1/2.
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent Sterling Loan £70.
Consols 2-1/2 per cent £51-3/4.
War Loan 5 per cent £94.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £87.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Dec. 10.

T T London on Berlin 13.97-1/2.
T T London on Amsterdam 8.15.
T T London on Brussels 23.65.
T T London on Madrid 38.87.
T T London on Milan 64.00.
T T London on Berne 16.90.
T T London on Paris 83.81.
T T London on Prague 110.75.
T T London on New York (closing) 3.29-5/8.

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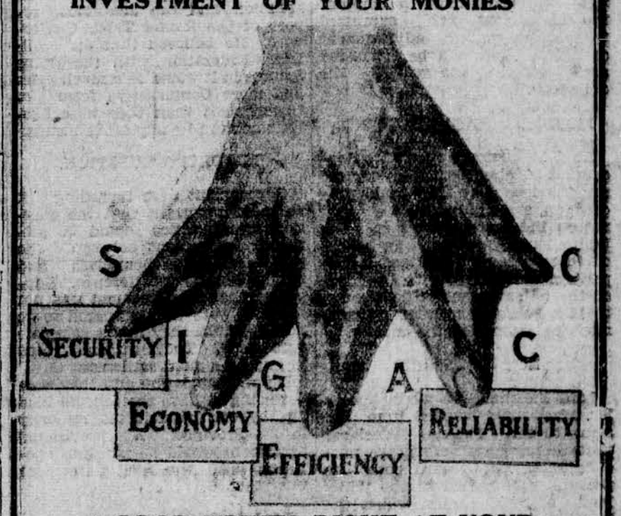

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J11

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1931.

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India
J12

LORDS VOTE FOR "MAC" POLICY.

"Scheme Imposed From Without Is Certain Of Failure."

HAILSHAM ANSWERS DIEHARD PEERS.

PEEL'S CAPACITY TEST FOR INDIA.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

The Indian debate in the House of Lords was continued to-day by Lord Dufferin, who, in a maiden speech declared that a large body of educated and responsible opinion in India would give support, if the House approved of the Government's policy, but if an amendment was carried or the debate adjourned, the possibility of a reasonable settlement would be lost to the present generation.

Lord Islington said that he did not admire the White Paper in all respects, but, if the amendment was carried, much harm would be done in India. He emphasised that if the Government's policy was to be carried to a successful issue, the initiative must rest not only with the people of Britain but also with the politically minded people in India.

Lord Peel expressed the opinion that after the proofs given by Great Britain of fulfilling the pledges, the suspicion of Indian politicians should be removed. Government should not attempt to impose a solution of the communal problem. Any imposed solution would be attacked most vigorously by both sides. Ability to settle the matter was the test of the capacity of the communities. He was unable to support the amendment and expressed the opinion that the adjournment of the Debate would be regarded as a reversal of the vote of the Commons.

MOTION OF ADJOURNMENT.

Lord Middleton appealed to Government to give them a concrete resolution so that they could proceed on something definite and not on indefinite things in the White Paper, for which he believed there was no precedent in Parliamentary history. He moved the adjournment of debate until 16th February to allow Government to reconsider the matter.

NOT IN HURRY.

Lord Hailsham (to whose speech Mr. MacDonald listened from the steps to the Throne) declared that there was a very grave misconception with regard both to the policy embodied in the White Paper and the verdict which the House was invited to express. Government had been charged with being too much in hurry. Had the White Paper propounded for the first time the policy which had not been subject to previous consideration or discussion, it might well have been said that they should have further time to investigate it, but that was not the position. The history of the last decade showed that we were not in hurry in dealing with the matter.

THOSE SAFEGUARDS.

Referring to the question of commercial discrimination raised by Lord Salisbury yesterday Lord Hailsham claimed that it was already a long way towards a solution.

Lord Hailsham said that they were not asking the House to commit itself in advance to any particular safeguard or framework, but were asking it to say that the most hopeful solution of the problem lay in an All-India Federation subject to the safeguards in the White Paper.

Lord Salisbury, intervening, asked: Did Lord Hailsham say that in voting for the White Paper the House would not commit itself to an Indian Executive responsible to the Indian Legislature?

IMPORT OF THE VOTE.

Lord Hailsham replied that if the House voted for the White Paper it would not commit itself to an Indian Executive responsible to an Indian Legislature unless that Executive and Legislature were a part of the Constitution which contained the safeguards which satisfied the House that the matters set forth in the White Paper were adequately protected. Those who voted for the motion would not be committed to accept the scheme unless they were satisfied that the safeguards were adequate and protection sufficient.

FEDERAL SCHEME.

Lord Hailsham said that the principle of responsible Government was the goal to which the constitutional changes must be directed. The best method of approach to get a practical scheme was not by imposition from without, but by co-operation between the Indians and the British from within. The Federation proposal was supported by the Simon Commission and the unanimous report of the Round Table Conference. He believed that an All India Federation with the ruling Princes in it would be a much safer and more Conservative form of Government than they were likely to achieve by any other means.

MINORITY QUESTION.

Government were regarding it as most important that the question of minorities should be settled by agreement between the peoples of India themselves and not by outside interference. Supposing that an agreement was not reached, were they prepared to do nothing until they had a complete agreement? They were not going to impose a final settlement on a reluctant population and they were not going to have the scheme held up by one recalcitrant minority in one Province. A provisional agreement would be put into operation until the final agreement was reached.

Lord Hailsham said that to frame a constitution here and then impose it on India would make its failure certain, but on the other hand to allow India to frame any constitution it chose would be to disregard our pledges and responsibilities. The best way was for Britain and India together acting in collaboration to make the scheme which gave everybody a fair play and simultaneously gave a reasonable measure of responsibility. He hoped and prayed that the House would join the House of Commons and the National Government and try to get a solution of the problem which would be fraught with great blessings to India, England and the Empire.

Lord Lloyd replying, earnestly asked the House to vote for extra delay so as to enable them to examine the great problem more fully and come to a ripe and considered decision.

Division followed and the motion for adjournment of debate on Government's Indian policy was defeated by 106 votes to 58. Government's motion approving of their Indian policy was agreed to. Lord Lloyd did not press his amendment to division.—Reuter.

Sir Mahomed Shafi, a delegate to the Indian Round Table Conference, accompanied by Lady Shafi and Begum Shah Nawaz, who returned by P. & O. Mail-boat on Friday.

B. N. R. SHOPMEN DOWN TOOLS.

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Dec. 11.

The workers of the B. N. Railway Workshop have downed tools this morning and are offering Satyagraha within the workshop as a protest against the sudden transfer of Mr. Raizada, Secretary of the B. N. R. Union, from Nagpur to Calcutta.

It appears that Mr. Raizada was given orders of transfers a week ago and the Union considers his transfer as a case of victimisation. Mr. Raizada was asked by the Railway Authorities to carry out the transfer immediately, but he applied for leave for six weeks or postponement of the transfer for six weeks.

His request was refused and he has been suspended from duty for refusing to carry out orders. The workers demand that Mr. Raizada's transfer should be cancelled and, therefore, offering Satyagraha without resorting to strike.

The situation is peaceful.

NAWAB OF PATAUDI.

Punjab Governor's Speech At Installation Ceremony.

LAHORE, Dec. 10.

His Excellency the Governor of the Punjab this afternoon invested the famous cricketer the Nawab of Pataudi with the Powers of a Ruler.

In the course of his speech at the installation ceremony His Excellency recalled the historical event more than one and quarter century old, when the ancestor of the Nawab of Pataudi Faiz Talib Khan, was severely wounded in fighting for the British in an action with the Maharaja of Holkar's troops, and the famous General Lord Lake assigned to him the lands of Pataudi. By a sanad granted on the fourth May, 1806, this grant was confirmed by the Government.

His Excellency recalled the war services of the late Nawab, who offered his personal services and 150 men. In addition, more than half a lakh of rupees was invested in the war Loan. It was in memory and recognition of these traditions and of these harmonious connections subsiding over many years that the Governor said he was present there on the occasion of the assumption of the responsibilities of ruler by the Young Nawab.—A. P.

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR CONFERENCE.

DELHI, Dec. 10.

The Government of India has been informed that the 16th session of the International Labour Conference will open at Geneva early in April 1932 and that the following subjects will be on the agenda:—

(1) Abolition of fee-charging employment agencies.

(2) Old age invalidity and widows and Orphans Insurance for workers in all occupations excepting seamen.

(3) Minimum age of admmision of children to employment in non-industrial occupations.—A. P.

BURMA ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

Official Nominees in Lower House Considered.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

When the Burma Round Table Conference resumed the consideration of the question of presence of officials in Lower House, some delegates expressed their anxiety to make it clear that they were not committing themselves regarding the reserved subjects. Mr. Tharrawaddy Pu, pressing for the expression of the Government's intentions, declared that he did not contemplate that any subjects would be reserved though, if the transitional safeguards were proposed, he was prepared to consider how far it was possible to agree to them.

MR. W. MILNE EXPLAINS THE MOTIVE.

Mr. Wardlaw Milne, presiding in the absence of Lord Peel in the House of Lords, pointed out that the Committee were not discussing the reserved subjects, but whether in the event of any subjects being reserved, the Government should be empowered to send representatives to the Lower House. Messrs. Ba Pe, Tharrawaddy Pu and a few others preferred to postpone their opinions until the decision was reached whether there should be reserved subjects.

Mr. Howison urged the increase of representation of the Europeans to 10 per cent. of the strength of the House and asked for separate electorates. Sir Cowasjee contended that the existing representation of the Indians must not be decreased but on the other hand should be increased. He urged in this connection that if the official block and the nominated members disappeared, their seats should be given to minorities in present proportions.

DISTRIBUTION OF COUNTRY'S WEALTH.

Mr. Haji supported the claim of the Indians and suggested consideration of allocation of the seats on the basis of 50 per cent. on the population basis and 50 per cent. on economic basis. He observed in this regard that the Burmans held 50 per cent of country's wealth British 20 to 25 p.c. of the Indians 25 to 30 per cent. Champagnac urged that the Anglo-Indians should have two representatives.

Mr. Glanville thought that if certain communities were to be separately represented, arrangements must be made for representation of such interests as labour and commerce and possibly land owners.

Mr. Hoe Kim Seing asked for special representation of land owners in both the Houses.—Reuter.

SPAIN'S NEW PRESIDENT

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Madrid.—Zamora, ex-Premier, has been elected President of the Republic for a period of six years by 362 votes out of 410 cast in the Cortes.—Reuter.

SOVIET CITIZENS ARRESTED.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Riga.—Many prominent Soviet citizens and twelve Chairmen of the State Trusts have been arrested following the investigation into the affairs of the Centrosoyus, the central body uniting the consumers' co-operative societies and principal trading trusts. Colossal losses are involved, besides shortage of food and clothing for the masses. There will be a rapid and impressive trial.—Reuter's Special.

NEW GIANT LINER WORK SUSPENDED.

Difficulties Of Financing Costs.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

Work on the giant new four and a half million sterling Cunard liner has been suspended in Clydebank, on the construction of which 3,000 men were engaged and which should have been launched in February. The Company have issued a statement to their shareholders referring to the glut in tonnage and grave an outlook of the North Atlantic Trade.

It is difficulties of financing immediate costs of the construction that have caused the suspension of the work on the Liner. The Boards circular to the shareholders announces that the preference dividends due on 1st January will be passed. The gross revenue for 1931 is nearly 2½ million sterling below 1930 and there will be an adverse balance of about that amount against which savings of 1780 thousand sterling can be set.—Reuter's Special.

Breaches On S. I. Rly.

The District Traffic Superintendent, Tinnevelly Junction, South India Railway, wires under date December 10:—

Owing to the breaches between Sermadevi and Malakattur, Shencottah and Aryankavu and Tinnevelly and Palamcottah sections, through running is interrupted between Maniyachi and Shencottah and Tinnevelly and Palamcottah sections. Transhipment is not possible for the next 24 hours.—A.P.

PERSIAN PARLIAMENT BUILDING ABLAZE.

FIREMEN'S UNSUCCESSFUL EFFORTS.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

Teheran.—Entire Parliament buildings (Medjliss) are threatened with destruction by fire which broke out early this morning owing to faulty chimney. Blaze quickly got out of control and by midday main buildings had been completely destroyed.

At four this afternoon firemen were still battling unsuccessfully with flames.—Reuter.

OUTWARD AIR MAIL.

KARACHI, Dec. 10.

The outward air mail left at 9-30 this morning.—A. P.

ALLEGED CORRUPTION IN LAHORE MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE

Muslim Ratepayers' Demand For Suspension.

LAHORE, Dec. 10.

One thousand Mahomedan ratepayers of Lahore have submitted a letter to the Minister for Local Self-Government requesting that all those, members, President, office-bearers and employees of the municipal committee against whom there are specific charges of embezzlement and corruption should be suspended pending inquiry.

It will be remembered that the Dobson Committee appointed by the Punjab Goverament to enquire into the municipal committee's affairs published its report recently in which charges against the President and certain members were made.—A. P.

TORY DEPUTATION TO HOARE.

British Commerce And India.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Three groups of Conservative members of the House of Commons comprising the India Committee, the Trade and Industries Committee and the Lancashire, Cheshire and Westmoreland group waited in joint deputation on Sir Samuel Hoare to urge that the Trade and Commerce Committee should be sent to India including a Lanchire expert.—Reuter.

LESS HOURS & LESS ALLOWANCES.

EVIDENCE BEFORE RAILWAY COURT OF ENQUIRY.

LAHORE, Dec. 10.

More individual cases were heard by the Railway Court of Enquiry to-day. Union representatives from various divisions of the Railway Administration represented that in the case of clerks, since retrenchment was effected the hours of working had increased by from 1 to 2 hours, leave reserves had been abolished, allowances curtailed and leave was being given rarely.

Replying to Diwan Chamanlal, the representative of the Multan Division, said that one Jassaram, a ticket collector, was fined Rs. 3 for asking leave.

Mr. Ross Maswood asked: "Do you mean to say that Jassaram applied for leave and the application came back with the wor 'You are fined rupees three.' " (Laughter). The witness said that the salary of another man, a clerk, was reduced for 3 months for having over-stayed his leave owing to the death of his father. Another man lost his wife due to no leave being granted. If he had been given leave, he would have made arrangements for her proper treatment and she might have lived.—A.P.

XMAS AND NEW YEAR GREETING TELEGRAMS

NEW DELHI, Dec. 10.

Communique.—From the 14th December 1931 to the 6th January 1932, Xmas and New Year Greeting telegrams will be accepted at reduced rates with a minimum charge of ten words per telegram. In such telegrams the indication XLT should be inserted before the address. For Xmas and New Year greeting telegrams addressed to Great Britain and Northern Ireland via Eastern or I.R.T. and to Gibralter and Malta via Eastern the charge will be Rs. 2-8 for ten words or less including the indication XLT and four annas for each additional word.

In case of Xmas and New Year greeting telegrams addressed to other countries with which the daily letter telegrams service is in force, the rate per word will be the same as for daily lettter telegrams, subject to a minimum charge for ten words per telegram including the indication XLT.

Xmas and New Year greeting telegrams will be accepted for Phillipine Islands via Madras at rates which might be ascertained.—A.P.

Development Of A New Industry In India.

The "Indian Bakelite" products manufacturing is being run under the patronage of Sir Chinubhai of Ahmedabad, by the young scientist, Mr. V. P. Mehta.

At present the articles produced by this Company are bangles, shadak bangles, shoodas choodies, etc., for local consumption in different provinces. These are manufactured in different colours and various sizes.

Revision Of Reparation Must Accompany Debt Reduction.

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Washington.—The French Government have formally notified the United States that any revision of the reparations must be accompanied by a corresponding scaling down of war debts.—Reuter.

C. P. FINE ARTS EXHIBITION.

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Dec. 10.

His Excellency the Governor of Central Provinces opened the fifth C. P. and Berar Fine Arts Exhibition this evening. A large and distinguished gathering was present and Mrs. Ramabai Tambe M.L.C., read the address.

His Excellency made a short speech before declaring the Exhibition open in which he said that Government were behind those who were pushing forward the claims of art in this province.

KONKAN CHILD WELFARE EXHIBITION.

ALIBAG, Dec. 10.

A correspondent wires:—

The Konkan Divisional Health and Child Welfare Exhibition for the Thana, Kolaba, Ratnagiri and Bombay Suburban Districts, together with the Indian States included in them, was opened in a specially erected spacious and decorated pandal in Alibag, District Kolaba, by Shrimant Dowager Rani Saheb of Jamkhandi on Saturday the 15th December.

The Rani Saheb in her speech emphasized the value and importance of exhibitions of the kind and proceeded to open.

The second day was devoted mainly to health conference and the co-operative movement and was called the agriculturists day.

ALIBAG CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE.

The Alibag Taluka Co-operative Conference was held in the noon with Mr. Devadhar in the chair. In the evening the Hon. Sir G. B. Pradhan the Finance Member, distributed the prizes to the winners in the sports competitions which were held in the morning.

The third day, called the Mother's Day over which the H. H. the Regent Begum Saheba of Janjira presided, dealt with the maternity and child welfare matters.

The fourth day was called the Father's Day and was celebrated under the presidency of Khan Bahadur Dossabhoy Hormasjee Bhiwandiwalla. On the last day, which was called Vitamins' Day and Seva Sadan Day, Sardar Sir Rustom Vakil presided over a lecture on vitamins by Dr. H. V. Tilak in the morning and over the Seva Sadan function in the evening.—A.P.

PROSCRIBED IN THE PUNJAB.

LAHORE, Dec. 10.

The Punjab Government has proscribed a booklet in Urdu entitled "Janbaz Savarkar Ya Maratha Inqlab Pasand" (devote Savarkar or Marhatta Revolutionary) edited and published by Satyadev Sidhant Shiromani at Lahore on the ground that it contains matter the publication of which is punishable under Section 124-A I.P.C.

The Government has also proscribed the Islam number of the Daily Zamindar on the ground that it contains matter the publication of which is punishable under section 3 of the Indian States (Protection against Disaffection) Act of 1922.—A.P.

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company, Ltd., by VINAYAK MADHAVRAO PAWAR, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Hari Building, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.